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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Sept. 9

Sun Rises	5.37 A M
Sun Sets	6.16 P M
Day's Length	12 h 40 m
High Water at Southport	6 07 P M
High Water at Wilmington	7.47 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 9.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 68°; 8 p. m., 75°; maximum, 81°; minimum, 64°; mean, 74°.

Rainfall for the day, .00, rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .32.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. September 8 h, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer has fallen over all sections during the past 12 hours, being lowest to-night over the Northwest sections, and highest over the Atlantic coast States. Fair, warm weather has prevailed generally except over the extreme Southern States. Rain is falling now over Texas and Florida, while showers fell during the day along the entire Gulf and over Florida, being heavy at Jacksonville, 1.84, and Tampa, 1.94 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, generally fair; southwesterly winds.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain has fallen over Southern Georgia, Florida and along the Gulf coast, while fair weather has prevailed over the remainder of the cotton belt. Continued cool night temperatures are reported.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 7.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 1.8 feet.

OUTLINES.

Two children burned to death in the suburbs of Richmond, Va. —— Nine of the eleven members of the monetary commission have accepted appointment. —— The pilot steamer Somers N. Smith, of Mobile, is believed to be engaged in a filibustering expedition. —— Consul General Lee, accompanied by his son, Fitz Lee, Jr., arrived at New York from Havana; he declined to talk about Cuban affairs. —— The Spanish Government officially denies the statement that the new Premier said that war with the United States would be preferred to intervention by this country in the affairs of Cuba. —— Col. Isaac W. Avery, at one time editor of the Atlanta *Constitution*, fell from the porch of his residence and died from the effects yesterday. —— Gen. Longstreet and Miss Dortch were married yesterday in Atlanta; Governor Atkinson gave away the bride. —— Miss Sallie Chapman, aged 20 years, was assaulted and outraged in her bed-room at Macon, Ga., Tuesday night; the city is wrought up to a high pitch of excitement. —— Police stopped the Bryan-McCoy fight at Syracuse, N. Y., in the fifth round. —— Twelve men killed and as many more badly hurt in a railroad collision at Emporia, Kansas; Hon. Wm. J. Bryan was a passenger on one of the trains, but was not hurt. —— The Board of Health of Montgomery, Ala., denies rumors that yellow fever exists in that city. —— Miss Lula H. Cutchin, a young lady of Suffolk, Va., committed suicide by taking laudanum; she had recently undergone a terrible affliction. —— Carrier pigeons arrived at Norfolk navy yard with messages from ships of the North Atlantic squadron. —— Strong evidence for the State was introduced yesterday in the Luetgert murder trial at Chicago. —— New Orleans reports no additional cases of yellow fever; Dr. Gaiteras has arrived at Ocean City; the three cases at Biloxi are reported as likely to recover. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 1¼@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1¼@1½; cotton easy—middling 7⅛c; flour firm and fairly active; wheat—spot active; No. 2 hard $1.01¼ delivered; corn—No. 2 36⅜c at elevator and 37½c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.45 @1.50; spirits turpentine firm at 30½ @31c.

The first Monday in September is now observed as Labor day in thirty-seven States.

"The Daughters of 1781-1815," have just been organized in New York. These are none of your "new women."

Arthur Sewall & Co., of Bath, Me., are building in their shipyard what will be one of the largest steel sailing ships afloat.

Luetgert, the Chicago sausage man, on trial for murdering his wife, felt much annoyed Tuesday when his love letters to widow Feldt were read in court.

Rev. Tom Dixon took a whack at Seth Lowe and politics in his opening sermon last Sunday, after his vacation. Tom seems to enjoy that kind of religious exercise.

Mr. Seth Low has 127,000 names on the petitions asking him to run for Mayor of the Greater New York, but it will take a good many more than 127,000 to elect him Mayor.

Senator Wellington, of Maryland, tackled Congressman Mudd, but he couldn't throw him. The result was that Wellington came out of the racket considerably bespattered.

Mark Hanna is no slouch. The success he has met with in making McKinley President and himself Senator, has encouraged him to look towards the Presidency for himself. And that's what he will strike for if things continue to run his way.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 147. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,379

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Secretary Hester, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, thinks that with the cotton crop failure in India, and the good prices for wheat and other farm products in this country, which will enable the farmers of the West to buy freely cotton growers can count on pretty fair prices for their cotton even if the crop be a large one.

As we understand it, Japan proposes to eliminate from the arbitration the essential points of difference between her and the Government of Hawaii. On this basis Japan might as well propose to do the arbitrating herself and dispense with the King of Belgium.

The colored brother who got away with the contents of the safe in the tax collector's office in Washington and lit out for Canada, where he was arrested, was surprised that he made such a haul as he didn't have time to count it. When the courts get hold of him they will give him time.

Mr. Shookawak, a red gentleman who presides over a tribe of unsophisticated native Americans up in British Columbia, has got himself into trouble, for tying his wife by the feet to a horse and making the young bucks lash the horse until he dragged the squaw to death.

A German editor has been arrested for speaking disrespectfully of the Kaiser's breeches. He should have remembered that when he went to fooling with those breeches he was getting dangerously close to his Majesty.

Foo Lee, a Chinese laundryman in Niles, Mich., is a bicycle scorcher allee samee Melican man, only more so. He entered a race there and got away with all the Melican boys. They discovered that they couldn't Foo Lee him.

John L. is catching up to Seth Lowe. Seth only got 127,000 names to the petition to run for Mayor of New York, while John L has 116,000 names already to run for Mayor of Boston, and all the wards haven't made full returns yet.

The New York *Herald* gently reminds the people up there that when they call their lynching festivities off then it will be time enough for scolding people in the South for indulging in that kind of thing.

A ship is at Philadelphia loading eighteen locomotives from the Baldwin works for the Trans-Siberian Railway. The American locomotive does its own puffing and gets there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
W. B. COOPER—September mullets.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.—Buck's stoves and ranges.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

DR GALLOWAY—Notice.
WANTED—Unfurnished rooms.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Auditing Committee of the Board of County Commissioners wil meet to-day to audit bills against the county.

— Before Justice McGowan yesterday Emma Brown, colored, submitted in a case of disorderly conduct and was let off upon payment of costs.

— An excursion is expected to arrive here from Marion, S. C., over the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad next Wednesday, Sept. 15.

— Edward Roderick was before Justice G. W. Bornemann yesterday, charged with disorderly conduct. He was adjudged guilty and paid the costs, upon which judgment was suspended.

— The receipts of cotton at this port yesterday were 649 bales, against 1,979 on the corresponding day of last year. The local market closed quiet at 6 13 16 for middling, against 7⅞ cents last year.

— Yesterday afternoon Mr. W. McD. Evans was out driving in a road cart, and when near the corner of Fourth and Hanover streets, a passing dray came in contact with the road cart, completely demolishing it.

— It is Mr. J. E. King and not Mr. H. E. King who received the appointment to the scholarship at the A. & M. College. The county authorities gave the name as H. E., but as Mr. J. E. King says he was the only applicant by that name, it is evident that the authorities made a mistake.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Primarily to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Capt. R. Oscar Grant left yesterday for Charlotte.

— Mr. Gaston Myers left yesterday for the University.

— C. C. Lyon, Esq., of Elizabethtown, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Fred Bonitz left yesterday for Raleigh to attend the A. & M. College.

— Miss Mary Wooten has gone to Oxford to attend Miss Hilliard's select school.

— Mrs. E. P. Pullen, of Southport, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Major Charles M. Stedman, of Greensboro, arrived in the city yesterday to spend several days.

— Mr. J. W. Fry, of Greensboro, General Manager of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. James Daggett, Junius Davis, Jr., Ed. Wooten and Robt. Harriss left yesterday for Raleigh to attend the A. and M. College.

— Mr. W. S. Bernard, of the auditor's department of the Atlantic Coast Line, left yesterday for Red Springs, where he will spend his vacation.

— Dr. W. C. Galloway gives notice that he will go to Southport tomorrow on professional business, returning Monday or Tuesday next.

— Mr. Harry N. Smith, under treatment at the Virginia Hospital, Richmond, Va., writes to his family here that his condition is improving.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday were Geo. A. Graham, Hub; E Tuthill, South Creek; J. S. King, C.F. Howard, A. S. King and W. J. Mallard, Hampstead.

— Miss Amelia Kahnweiler, formerly of this city, but now of Richmond, Va., has returned after spending the Summer at Ocean View as the guest of Miss Lena Solomon.

— Mr. L. Butler, of Richmond, Va., a representative of R. G. Dun & Co., is in the city and will relieve Miss H. M. Waitaker, manager of the agency here, she having left last night on the steamer *Croatan* for Georgetown, S. C., to visit friends at that place.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—23 bales cotton, 29 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—571 bales cotton, 89 casks spirits turpentine, 126 bbls rosin, 54 bbls tar, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—89 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 178 bbls rosin, 23 bbls tar, 21 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—10 bales cotton, 84 casks spirits turpentine, 7 bbls rosin, 49 bbls tar.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.—2 bales cotton, 80 casks spirits turpentine, 50 bbls rosin, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—5 bales cotton, 32 casks spirits turpentine, 173 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 649 bales; spirits turpentine, 148 casks; rosin, 538 bbls; tar, 175 bbls; crude turpentine, 32 bbls.

THE FIRE LAST NIGHT.

A Blazing Bale of Cotton in a Freight Car at the A. C. L. Depot.

Last night about 11 o'clock a freight train of about twenty cars, containing cotton, merchandise, etc., pulled into the Atlantic Coast Line depot from Florence. Shortly afterwards smoke was seen issuing from one of the cars loaded with cotton, and soon the air was dense with smoke. An alarm of fire was sent in from box 24, Front and Red Cross streets, and the department was soon on the scene. The car was opened and in one end was found a bale of cotton alive with fire. This bale, together with a number of others, was thrown out of the car and the fire extinguished. The fire was probably caused by a spark from the engine going through a crack in the car and igniting the cotton. Several bales of cotton were damaged by water.

Improvements at the Opera House.

The work of improving the Opera House still goes on, and Manager Schloss now smiles broadly and often, as he realizes the changes for the better, such as new scenery, new furniture and a daub of refreshing paint here and there, that have been made in his theatre. This season theatre-goers will have "more light on the subject," as the Wilmington Gas Light Company have contracted to equip the Opera House with electric lights, which will prove more convenient and better in every respect than the former gas lights, which however, will be retained in case of an accident to the electrical system.

Phœnix Hose Reel.

At a meeting of Phœnix Hose Reel Company No. 1 (colored) the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing term, viz: President, Louis McMillan; vice president, Ben McFarland; secretary and treasurer, Wm. H. Harriss; recorder, H. C. Webber; foreman, Joseph Hooper; first assistant foreman, F. T. Gause; second assistant foreman, Joseph Ellison.

Revenue Cutter Morrill.

The revenue cutter *Morrill* is having little to do of late in the way of chasing filibusters. She came up to the city yesterday morning from Southport, where she had been for the past week. After taking on provisions she left at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. To-day she will take a run down to Charleston.

STYNE-KEATHLEY.

Marriage Yesterday Morning at the First Baptist Church.

Shortly before 9 o'clock yesterday morning the bell in the belfry of the First Baptist church rang out merrily, imparting the joyous news that Mr. Luther Vance Styne and Miss Daisy Keathley, both popular young people of this city, had been made one. The wedding took place at 8:45 o'clock and was witnessed by a large number of relatives and friends of the contracting parties. When the auspicious moment arrived the organ, managed skilfully by Miss Bessie Bartt, sent forth the strains of Mendelsohn's wedding march, and promptly, in perfect accord with the music, the bridal procession entered; the ushers, Messrs. W. A. Whitney, Jas. H. Taylor, J. F. L. Huggins and Jas. Woodroe, two each proceeding up the right and left centre aisles, respectively, and then the bride, leaning upon the arm of the groom, walked up the right centre aisle to the altar, which, together with its surroundings, had been artistically and beautifully festooned with potted plants, palms, ferns, etc., and were united in marriage by Rev. W. B. Oliver, pastor of the church.

Then, while the organ pealed forth the wedding chorus from Lohengrin and the bell was ringing merrily, the bridal party left the church; their next destination being the depot of the Atlantic Coast Line, from where Mr. and Mrs. Styne departed on the 9 35 o'clock northbound train on a tour embracing Baltimore, Washington, Boston, New York and Niagara.

The bride was habited in a handsome dark green tailor made suit, while the gentlemen of the party wore the conventional black. Many and costly were the presents received by the happy couple.

Among those who were present at the ceremony were Governor and Mrs. D. L. Russell and Senator Marion Butler.

ARTESIAN WELL

To be Bored on Fifth Between Chesnut and Walnut Streets—Contract Completed.

Wilmington is going to have an artesian well. It will be in a conveniently located part of the city and it is expected will furnish an abundance of clear sparkling water, of which a thirsting population can drink freely and call for more. It will also be a great boon to the thousands of excursionists who visit Wilmington every Summer.

Representatives of the firm of Thompson & Storey, of Wheeling, West Virginia, were here yesterday and closed the contract, the stipulations of which are as follows: A depth of 500 feet if good water can be found at that depth; if not, the well must be bored to a sufficient depth to secure good water, provided that depth is not more than 1,500 feet; the well to be in a ten-inch casing the first 600 feet, then if water is not found, the next 600 feet may be in an 8 inch casing; if still no water, the remainder to be in a 6 inch casing; the guarantee being that its covering shall be six inches where it strikes the water.

The well will be located on Fifth street at some convenient point between Chesnut and Walnut.

THE DROWNED COLORED MEN.

Both Bodies Found—No Inquest Held.

Coroner David Jacobs drove down to Masonboro Sound early yesterday morning to view the bodies of the two colored men who were drowned Tuesday afternoon while swimming in the sound. The body of the younger brother, Van McDaniel, had been recovered only a short while before the arrival of the coroner.

It was clearly a case of accidental drowning and no inquest was held. Coroner Jacobs gave orders for the bodies to be removed, and Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, issued certificates for the burial of the two unfortunate colored men.

The scene on the sound on night before last is described as being a very weird and dismal one. All night long, by the light of small fires on the bank, a party of men, white and colored, dragged for the body of one of the drowned men, while that of the other lay out on the shore.

Funeral of the Late Matthias Soverel.

The remains of the late Mr. Matthias Soverel, of East Orange, New Jersey, who died on Wrightsville beach at the Summer residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Charles M. Whitlock last Tuesday evening, were brought up to the city yesterday on the afternoon train over the Seacoast road and taken to Mr. Whitlock's residence, corner Sixth and Princess, where the funeral took place at 5 o'clock. The solemn services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Peyton H. Hoge in the presence of a number of the friends of the family. At the conclusion of the services the funeral party proceeded to Oakdale cemetery, where the remains were placed in their last resting place. The floral offerings were very beautiful.

The pall bearers were Messrs. H. B. Jewett, W. F. Robertson, Edward Danforth, E. V. Baltzer, R. B. Mason and F. H. Fechtig.

Baptist Brigade.

Company C, Baptist Brigade, a military company composed of boys, members of the First Baptist Church Sunday school, of this city, has been organized with the following officers, viz:

Captain—W. A. Whitney.
1st Lieut.—Hall G. Whitney.
2nd Lieut.—C. Herring.
1st Sergt.—Percy Smith.
2nd Sergt.—Daniel Brothers.
1st Corporal—Earl Webb.
2nd Corporal—W. Muse.

The company was out on parade Tuesday night and made quite a creditable display, the natty blue uniforms of the commissioned officers and the spotless white uniforms of the non-commissioned officers and privates showing up with a pleasing effect.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 17; St. Louis, 5.
Baltimore, 5; Louisville, 1.
New York, 8, Pittsburg, 7.
Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 2.
Washington, 8; Cleveland, 7.
Washington, 9; Cleveland, 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO MORROW.

Louisville at Baltimore.
St. Louis at Boston.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost	Per Cent.
Baltimore	78	33	.702
Boston	80	35	.695
New York	74	39	.654
Cincinnati	65	46	.585
Cleveland	57	57	.500
Washington	51	61	.455
Chicago	53	63	.452
Brooklyn	50	65	.434
Philadelphia	50	65	.434
Pittsburg	48	64	.428
Louisville	49	67	.422
St. Louis	28	87	.243

After the first inning yesterday Kicbedanz was almost invincible and was supported by the Beaneaters in great shape. The Browns rendered their twirler, Hart, miserable help. Cross being about the only man doing noble work.

Nops pitched a magnificent game for Baltimore yesterday, and if Stenzel hadn't erred and let pass a grounder, Louisville would have suffered a shutout.

Waddell, the new Southpaw, pitched a good game, but dead against tough luck.

It looks like the Senators are determined not to be among the last, for they are now in the first division, which position if they can hold they will be classed among the foremost. In the first game with Cleveland yesterday Swain had about lost the game for the Senators when Mercer entered the box and won. The second game was forfeited to the Senators, 9 to 0. At the beginning of the fifth inning, with two men out, McKean claimed that he was hit by a pitched ball. The umpire decided that he had intentionally gotten in the way of the ball. Tebeau disputed this ruling and finally refused to continue the game.

Cincinnati won a well-played game from Brooklyn yesterday, and Dwyer, the Reds' pitcher, was immense.

Death of Dr. Robt. M. Pulliam.

Mr. W. G. Pulliam, freight claim agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, has returned from Richmond, Va., where he was called to attend the funeral of his father, Dr. Robt. M. Pulliam, who died at his residence in that city last Sunday afternoon.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of Tuesday says:

Dr. Robt. M. Pulliam, a well-known physician of this city, died at his residence, No. 10 North Second street, at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, after a long and painful illness, and his funeral took place from Centenary Methodist church at noon yesterday. The obsequies were attended by a large and sorrowing assemblage of friends and relatives. Dr. Pulliam's death comes as a personal bereavement to those who knew him best and had the good fortune to come within his splendid influence. He was a man of high moral worth, an able practitioner of medicine, a warm-hearted, generous friend and a devoted parent. His end was brought about by an affection of the heart. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Paul Whitehead, the pastor of Centenary church, Rev. Dr. Tudor being absent from the city.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION.

The United States Civil Service Commission has ordered that an examination be held by the local board in this city on Saturday, October 2, 1897, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., for the grades first and third in the customs service. Only citizens of the United States can be examined. The age limitations for this examination are as follows: Minimum, 20 years; maximum, none. No application will be accepted for this examination unless filed with the undersigned, on the proper blank, before the hour of closing business on September 18th, 1897. Applications should be filed promptly in order that time may remain for correction if necessary.

For application blanks, full instructions, and information relative to the duties and salaries of the different positions, apply to J. S. Worth, Secretary Board of Examiners, Customs Service, P. O. address, Wilmington, N. C.

Carolina Cycle Club.

The Carolina Cycle Club met last night at the Y. M. C. A., Mr. W. L. Latta presiding in the absence of the president, and Mr. Ike Solomon acting secretary in Mr. Latta's stead. Many matters of business were transacted, among the most important was deciding to charge an initiatory fee of $3 after the next meeting.

Strawberry Planting.

Strawberry planters, as well as others, are feeling the effects of the prolonged dry weather. Planting next year's crop is somewhat delayed, though some of the growers use the new machine, which waters the plants at the same time it sets them. The season for planting generally lasts till September 15th, or thereabout.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

— Wilmington Lodge No. 139, I. O. O. F., will confer the initiatory degree upon several candidates to-night.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

Marion Butler Supports Russell in the Fight Against the Railroad Commissioners—Otho Wilson Threatens to Make It Warm for the Senator.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 8.

The *Progressive Farmer*, a paper that stands by Gov. Russell in all matters, comes nobly to his rescue in his fight against the two Wilsons of the Railway Commission. The *Farmer* makes several flings at Otho. The Rhamkatte statesman is a target of Butler and the balance of the Populists who are wallowing in the trough, but Otho says public attention will be directed to others when his case is settled. There is no doubt but that Otho intends to give the public some interesting information about the rise of the Hon. Marion Butler.

Senator Butler is expected here to day, so Hal Ayer states. The campaign of the Populist speakers will most likely be arranged, Major Guthrie will hardly receive an invitation this year.

The Governor's Guards, the local military company, was inspected by Major B. S. Royster this morning. The negroes here were hoping that the company could not pass. They had made all arrangements to secure the franchise of the white company in the event that they failed

A letter received here from Senator Pritchard says that his brother George, the sheriff, who was so badly injured, is rapidly recovering, and that he will be as strong as ever.

The Pharmaceutical Board will examine applicants for license on the 14th.

MR. G. G. EDGERTON DEAD.

A Very Prominent Citizen of Johnston County, N. C.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

KENLY, N. C., Sept. 7th.

News reached here this morning announcing the death of Mr. G. G. Edgerton, which occurred last evening at his home in Bagley just before midnight.

Mr. Edgerton was a very prominent man in this section, and highly esteemed by all who knew him. In his death the whole community sustains a great loss.

The deceased was the father of Mr. H. F. Edgerton, a very prominent merchant here, Attorney C. W. Edgerton, and Mr. Ed. Edgerton, the popular and efficient railroad agent at Selma.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted,

A KENNEL KEEPER, A MAN UNDERstanding the care of Fox Dogs,

Apply at No. 101 South Front street,
sep 7 3t tu th

For Rent.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
sep 5 tf

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 7th, 1897.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 7th day of October A. D., 1897, at 10 o'clock p. m.

sep 7 tf JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.

Notice.

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT MY BUGGY and Harness business I will offer commencing to-day my entire stock consisting of Buggies, Phaetons, Wagons, Road Carts and Harness of every description at cost. Everything must be sold before October 1st.

J. A. MONTGOMERY,
sep 7 2w No. 110 North Water street.

Stockholders Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land Investment Co will be held at the office of Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday the 14th of September, 1897, at 12 o'clock M.

DR. E. PORTER,
sep 1 2w President.

September Mullets.

125 Barrels September Mullets.
950 Bags Salt.
300 Kegs Nails.
100 Bundles W. P. Caps.
150 Ounces Quinine.
50 Tubs Broken Candy.
15 Barrels Candy.
50 Cases Horsford's Powder.
90 Cases Good Luck Powder.

W. B. COOPER,
sep 9 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

We Desire to Thank

Our patrons for the flattering reception accorded us during the past six weeks and to assure them that it is our earnest desire to please them in every possible manner. To this end all of our energies are bent, and if when you call there are others ahead of you, bear with us and it will be only a few minutes until you are served. We will save you money just as certain as you trade with us.

Granulated Sugar 5½c per pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
Bell 'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
sep 4 tf

J. L. HILL

Printing Company's

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,
Owner and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

The Place to Trade.

Wait and See Our

FALL STOCK.

Goods Arriving Daily.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

The Latest Styles.

NEW LACES AND EMBROIDERIES

at special prices.

New Carpets, Nice Patterns

New Rugs, a Pretty Line

New Shades and Lace Curtains.

New Clothing and Hats. New Shoes.

If you want to save money come and see our stock. Our prices and qualities will interest you.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. sep 5 tf

WE KEEP BUSY, HARD AT WORK HANDLING SHOES. But we will take time to place you on our extensive list of customers and supply you with tickets that you also may try to get the HANDSOME WATCH which will be given to some person on October 1st, 1897. If you begin at once you may yet outstrip some who began earlier. It costs you nothing to try. Begin now, leave the system and be ready for the next contest. Watch our window. We will try and make it interesting for our kind patrons. See us or you may regret it.

MERCER & EVANS,
Successors of H. C. Evans,
sep 5 tf 115 Princess street.

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.

Ink to suit all.

Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,
Wholesale Grocer.
au 14 D&W tf

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,
je 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

THE VERY BEST QUALITY. **CAPITOLA** THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

J. W. Murchison,

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY. THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

We sell on Commission

D. S. Sides

D. S. Cut Sides,
D. S. Fat Backs,
D. S. Bellies,
D. S. Plates,

Cotton Ties.

Goods shipped on lowest market price at the day.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wilmington, N. C.,

Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.
au 29 tf

We Are Offering

THE VERY BEST

PIANOS AND ORGANS

At Extremely Low Figures.

Take Advantage of Low Prices before the advance in price, which will be made in the next 30 days.

E. VAN LAER,
au 26 tf 413 and 404 North Fourth Street.

Who Wants to Buy?

2,000 Bushels Corn.
800 Boxes Tobacco (great bargain).
400 cases Starch (Celluloid & Lump).
300 Boxes Soap (Toilet & Laundry).
100 Barrels Pocket Salt.
125 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.

All of these going with stacks of other goods not mentioned, at a close margin. I ask buyers to get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer.
Wilmington, N. C. au 29 tf

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 D&W tf

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,

Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c., should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.
au 15 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

Mary Swain et al.
vs.
Antonio Swain et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court in the above entitled cause to me directed, the undersigned Commissioner will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lot of Land: That lot in said city, beginning at a point in the western line of Fifth street 66 feet north of the northern line of Bladen street, runs thence northwardly with the said line of Fifth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Bladen street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning.

JAS. W. SNEEDEN,
au 15 30t Commissioner.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 9, 1897

TWO SIDES TO IT.

There has been much rejoicing over the "return of prosperity" as the result of the advance in the price of wheat and corn. There is reason for the rejoicing because the bulk of the money which goes into the hands of the farmers goes out again in payment of debts or for something the farmer needs, and thus others are benefitted as well as he, but there are two sides to the prosperity question, which should be considered by those who think that high priced wheat means general prosperity and that it is going to make the country rich. If foreign purchasers paid the increase in price and consumed all that was sold that might be so, but as a matter of fact the bulk of the wheat crop, over two thirds of it, is consumed at home and our home people, although surrounded by abundance, have to pay European prices, or prices based upon the short crops and demands of other countries.

In this respect there is some resemblance between the advance in foodstuff prices, resulting from the demand abroad, and the prices of manufactured articles, resulting from the high protective tariff. American consumers have not only to pay the higher prices on imported articles to offset the higher duties, but they have to pay proportionately higher prices on home manufactures, which go up because there is no foreign competition to keep them down, and thus what the people pay in the increase of prices on home products is incomparably greater than the amount they pay on imported articles, because the volume of home products consumed is so much the greater. So with the volume of foodstuffs. We export say about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat, for which our shippers receive the foreign market price, and we have to pay proportionate prices for the 400,000,000 bushels consumed at home, which means that while foreign importing nations pay the increased price on one-third of the wheat crop, home consumers pay the increase on the other two thirds, which means that while foreign purchasers pay for one-third of the "prosperity" boom our own people who buy flour pay for the other two-thirds.

There are forty nine States and Territories. Out of these only nineteen produce wheat enough to feed their own people. All the others have to buy more or less from them. But only a part of the people in these have wheat of their own, so that the others have to buy wheat from them and pay the advance in price. A very larger percentage of the wheat grown is consumed in the States, and sometimes in the counties where it is grown, so that the increased price begins to strike right at home. Of course this is to be expected for when there is an increase in the price of any article the consumer must pay it and when there is an increase in the price of wheat the bread buyer must pay more for his loaf or get a smaller loaf, which is the same thing.

This shows that the "prosperity" for which there is rejoicing does not come from abroad, but lays tribute for the larger part of the money which comes from it on the American people, many of whom receive no compensatory equivalent and consequently the prosperity which comes to the wheat seller imposes a heavier burden upon them.

None of the Eastern, Middle or Southern States raise wheat enough to supply their own needs, and are all buyers to a greater or less extent from the nineteen States and Territories which do, and they all contribute their proportionate part of the tribute which goes into the pockets of the wheat growers of those States and Territories, and into the pockets of the men who speculate upon the wheat. It wouldn't be so bad if it all went into the pockets of the farmers, for then more of it would go back into the channels of trade again.

While the farmers are to be congratulated upon, and while they deserve the "prosperity" that is coming to them, a large advance in the price of any staple of food is not an unmixed cause for rejoicing, unless there is a corresponding increase in wages and in the earning capacity of those who have to buy foodstuffs. Otherwise the American workman is put precisely in the same predicament as the workman of the countries which have to import their breadstuffs, and where dear loaves follow short supplies. Money becomes "cheaper," that is buys less while there is no more of it to buy with. The man who earns a dollar a day finds that he can't live any better on that than he could on seventy five cents a day before the high prices came.

The only remedy for this state of affairs is an increase in the volume of money to stimulate industries, with increase of wages, thus enabling the wage-earner to meet the increased cost of living without feeling the burden. Then all might rejoice in the increased prices which bring prosperity to the farmer.

MINOR MENTION.

The lawyers who are defending Luetgert, the Chicago sausage maker now on trial for the murder of his wife, are making a hard fight for him, but unless the miraculous happens, his prospects for being hanged are pretty good. Every day the evidence which the State produces draws the rope tighter around his neck. There are two things only which could break the force of the evidence already given—one the appearance of the missing woman, the accounting for her whereabouts if alive, or for her death, if dead from any other than the alleged cause, or proof of a conspiracy by the police, (as intimated by the defence) to procure testimony by bribery to convict; neither of which is likely to happen. The circumstances are all against the accused man from the start, for he concealed his wife's disappearance and when it became known showed not the slightest concern and made no movement for her discovery, though he asserts that she strayed off in a fit of insanity. Motive for getting rid of her is shown in the quarrels testified to, in his fondness for other women, and in the damaging letters produced in court written to one of them from the jail since his wife's disappearance, all of which show a motive beyond doubt, strengthened by the finding of portions of a human body in the refuse removed from the vat in which he is said to have destroyed the body with caustic potash, and the rings the woman wore. If his lawyers can break that chain of circumstantial evidence they will do something bordering on the marvellous, and even Luetgert, who spoke so contemptuously of them in some of his letters to Mrs. Feldt, will have to change his opinion.

***

Another significant proof of the progress which the South is making in the manufacture of steel and the confidence felt that steel can be made in this section at less cost than it can be anywhere else was given in the press dispatch from Nashville, Tenn., published yesterday, in reference to the movement to draw the attention of the Government to the facilities which the South offers for the manufacture of armor plate, with the assurance that the capacity of the blast furnaces at Birmingham is now more than sufficient to turn out all the plate the Government needs. It is a demonstrated fact that Birmingham is now making steel of approved test and quality for less money than it is made anywhere else in this country. This disposes of the question of the relative cost, so that the only remaining question is whether Birmingham can do the work with the guaranteed requisites as to the quality of the steel plates furnished, promptness of delivery, &c. Whether the committee referred to succeed in their efforts or not the movement by them gives proof of the confidence felt that Birmingham is forging to the front as a steel maker, and is going to get there. Thirty years ago Abram S. Hewitt, of New York, who was then visiting the Birmingham iron and coal district, predicted that there would be the iron and steel manufacturing center of this country, a prediction to the verification of which every day adds something.

***

When a man puts himself up for a clown in a circus the bigger fool he makes of himself the more talent he shows and the better he pleases those who pay to witness his antics. But the editor who plays the fool voluntarily or because it comes natural to him, or plays the fool because he takes it for granted that his readers are fools, does no credit to himself nor to them. This is suggested by the following bright specimen which we clip from the Hickory *Press:*

"History is repeating itself once more in regard to the tariff. Just as soon as a high tariff law is passed the products of the soil and also of our skill advance, and the people are prosperous and happy. Should we not cherish always these principles which restore prosperity?"

We reproduce this not for comment, for it is too idiotic for that, but to show the mental calibre of an organ grinder, and his estimate of the intelligence of the constituency he grinds for.

Two Critics of Whitman.

Eminent critics often arrive at directly opposite results, says John Burroughs in The Atlantic. Two such judges and lovers of poetry as Emerson and Lowell, for instance, held directly opposite views about Whitman. A little search would no doubt reveal the grounds of this difference. Whitman approximated to the Emersonian type more than to the Lowellian—the type of the skald, the prophet. Lowell was a professional critic and scholar—he was of the order of the true men of letters—while Emerson suggests the sacer vates of a nation. Lowell's sense of literature as a craft, as the work of scholars, his academic pride and esprit, were offended by Whitman's rude, open air spirit and his scorn of the stock poetic.

Shall we prefer poetry in its shirt sleeves to poetry in a dress suit? All the collegian in him revolted. Lowell would read Whitman through Chaucer, Shakespeare, Dante and Harvard college, and would find that he did not square with any of the poets, or with a taste founded upon them. Emerson would read Whitman with much more individual eyes, through his appreciation of the great mystics, prophets and seers and his enormous appetite for the audacious, the independent, the heroic in life and character.

A German doctor, who has been collecting information about the habits of long lived persons, finds that the majority of those who attained old age indulged in late hours. Eight out of ten persons over 80 never went to bed till well into the small hours, and did not get up again till late in the day.

The average life of a theater is 23 years. From 1861 to 1867, inclusive, 187 theaters were burned down, and 12 every year since has been about the average.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Warrenton *Gazette*: Corn and cotton have suffered from the dry weather in this immediate section.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: In about a fortnight F. E. Hege will be able to show the world some ostriches hatched at the State poultry experiment farm. They will be the first ever seen in this State save at a circus.

— Carthage *Blade*: Died, at his home near Thagardsville, Thursday, Sept. 2, 1897, Martin Alexander Monroe, in his 70th year. —— Died, at her home in Carthage, on Sunday night last at 8 o'clock, of heart failure, Mrs. Lyndia Fry, beloved wife of Mr. Daniel Fry, aged 68 years.

— Asheville *Register*: Along the border of Mitchell county, near the Tennessee and North Carolina line, is the precinct of Big Rock creek, with probably 250 voters in it. As good citizens as live in this hospitable county are within its borders, but there are 25 or 50 desperate characters, who have given this part of the county a bad name. Notwithstanding it is strongly Republican in politics, a negro is not allowed to live within its precincts.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Henry L. Baxley, aged about 60 years, died suddenly Sunday afternoon at his home near Company Mills. Neuralgia of the heart is supposed to have been the cause of death. —— A severe hail storm visited the Leesville section of the county Tuesday afternoon of last week. The hail was of irregular form and very large, being the heaviest ever seen there. Cotton was beaten out of the bolls and the stalks broken, grapes were knocked off the vines and considerable other damage was done.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Commissioner Mewborne had a photograph yesterday of a pecan grafted into a hickory tree on the farm of Mr. John M. McKay, near Fayetteville. The grafting was done February 28th, 1897, the bud opening May 25th following. The photograph was taken August 30th last, at which time the height of the stock was 5 feet and the circumference at the ground 20 inches. The growth of the scion from opening of the bud until August 30th, ninety six days, was 5½ feet.

— Danbury *Reporter:* A negro named Jerry Martin overpowered the jailor here last Friday morning and made his escape. It seems that when the jailor opened the jail door the negro jumped out and grabbed him and held to him until he got into the jail yard, when he released his hold and fled. The jailer drew his pistol and fired several shots the way the negro went, but after hunting the woods over no dead nigger has been found. This is the negro who shot another negro named Jack Moore at Walnut Cove a short while since.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: A Pullman car conductor told an *Observer* reporter last night of the daring escape of a negro from the sheriff of Wilson on the A. C. L. north bound train due here at 10.20 last night. The negro's wrists were bound by a rope, the end of which was wrapped around the sheriff's wrist. When 10 miles this side of Florence, and while the train was running only 12 miles an hour, the prisoner suddenly leaped from the seat and bounded out of the window, almost dragging the sheriff with him. The officer's wrist and hands were badly lacerated. The negro made good his escape.

The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to its unequalled record of wonderful cures.

Blackheads.

The aim of constitutional treatment should be to remove the predisposing conditions. For this purpose a tonic containing iron should be prescribed. External treatment is of the greatest importance, in fact, indispensable, as the condition in most cases may be cured by local applications alone. Do not remove the blackheads by pressure of the finger ends or watch key, as many advise, for every time you press the gland you bruise it, and may cause it to inflame, really making the condition worse. Persons afflicted with blackheads should not neglect to give their faces a thorough washing every night with warm water and a pure olive oil soap, afterward using a lotion of boracic acid, 20 grains to the ounce of distilled water. Use this warm.

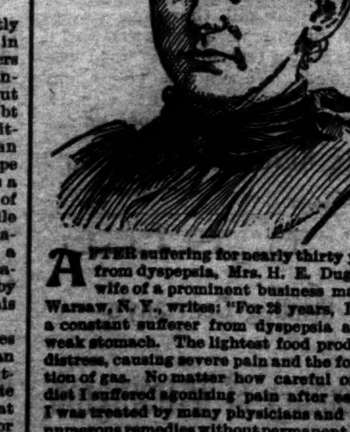
Make a lotion in the proportion of 30 grains of alum to an ounce of camphor water. Bathe the face with this, using a soft cloth or sponge, and allow it to remain on overnight.

Natural.

He—They tell me your husband is a great artist.

She—That he is. He painted a picture of some onions for the last exhibition, and they were so natural that the committee put them on the top line so that people wouldn't smell them.—Yonkers Statesman.

Chronic Dyspepsia Cured.



AFTER suffering for nearly thirty years from dyspepsia, Mrs. H. E. Dugdale, wife of a prominent business man of Warsaw, N. Y., writes: "For 28 years, I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and a weak stomach. The lightest food produced distress, causing severe pain and the formation of gas. No matter how careful of my diet I suffered agonizing pain after eating. I was treated by many physicians and tried numerous remedies without permanent help. Two years ago I began taking Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and Nervine. Within a week I commenced improving, and persisting in the treatment I was soon able to eat what I liked, with no evil effects. I keep them at hand and a single dose dispels any old symptoms."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SPINAL weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists.

TWINKLINGS.

— Another Thrust: She—"Now—listen here—the average woman has a vocabulary of only 800 words."

He—"Yes; but remember—She uses them all every day."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "The prisoner seems not to have the truth in him," says the judge.

"I fancy he lost it when he was bailed out, your honor," said the prosecuting attorney.—*Harper's Bazar.*

— A Lucky Man: Spriggs—"Hello, old man, I'm awfully glad to see you out again. I heard that the doctors gave you up."

Bowles—"Yes, I guess I'd have died if they hadn't."—*Cleveland Leader.*

— A small boy, Rev. Dr. Lambuth relates, teased his father for a watch till he was forbidden to mention the matter again. At family prayers next morning when asked for his Scripture verse the youngster repeated: "What I say unto you I say unto all—watch."

— Barclay Wyckoff—"So your uncle was eighty-eight years old when he died. Did he retain full possession of his faculties?"

Pelham Parker—"I—er—really couldn't say. The will hasn't been read yet."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Evidence: "There is one thing about Josiar," said the young man's fond mother. "He does like work."

"He doesn't seem to git much of it done," replied Farmer Corntassel.

That's jest it. He lingers over it like he was scared to death of losin' it."—*Washington Star.*

— Old Harding—"Well, I guess that young Dabsley's determined to marry our Lib in spite of everything."

Mrs. Harding—"Why do you think so, Jeremiah?"

Old Harding—"Why, you know she sang to him and played the piano night before last, and here he is again."—*Cleveland Leader.*

— "John, you ought to buy a whole barrel of flour; it's getting higher every day."

"I know it is, Maria, and I have been surprised that it doesn't have a more buoyant effect on your biscuits."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Statistical—"Before a man is thirty he falls in love with every pretty girl he looks at."

"Yes."

"And after he is thirty he falls in love with every pretty girl who looks at him."—*Chicago Record.*

— The Location—"Where was the prince wounded?" asked the friend of one of the seconds in a political duel.

"Where was he wounded?" repeated the second, absently, as he looked up from a mass of manuscript. "If I am not mistaken, it was about the beginning of the last paragraph in the second column."—*Washington Star.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Kansas farmers who have been in the habit of burning corn in the winter for fuel will probably save their corn this winter for food for the starving people of other countries. According to the publications in the gold standard newspapers they will have money to burn.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— The great and good Czar of Russia should take his little German friend, William, and his other friend the French tanner, and knock their heads together until they agree. The are presuming upon his friendship and indulgence to shake their fists at one another and to make faces.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Can any gold standard paper answer the inquiry of the Louisville *Dispatch*, which wishes to know if the temporary advance in the price of wheat on account of short crops is such a good thing for the business of this coundry, why would it not be a better thing to restore silver and gold as the money of the Constitution, like we had it prior to 1873, and make this condition of higher prices and greater activity permanent instead of temporary?—*Richmond State, Dem.*

—— It is time to utter a word of warning against the traps which are being set in Wall street for the unwary. While it is true that the general conditions of industry and commerce are improving, and that the increased crops and higher prices have swollen the receipts of many railroad companies, it is a notorious fact that some of the low priced stocks have been boomed beyond all reason. This is the Wall Street season for shearing lambs.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

TO "ENTRAP A PERFUME."

A Game, Played at Cannes, Which Ought to Interest Lovers of Flowers.

Learn a lesson from the south of France. In the flower season at Cannes plates of glass are thinly covered with clarified, inodorous fat. Upon or under this fat the flowers are placed, and the power this substance has to absorb and retain perfumes is astonishing. On these sheets of glass the most delicate odors are thus fixed almost as securely as on the collodion prepared plates the most delicate pictures are retained.

In this way the jessamine, the violet, the tuberose and orange perfumes travel across France, and arrive here as pure as the day they were given forth from the flowers themselves. The emancipation of the odor from its imprisonment is very simple. The fat, cut into small cubes, is placed in spirits of wine, and the delicate essence immediately deserts the coarse fat for the more spiritual solvent.

M. Piesse, in his interesting work on perfumery, says that "while cultivators of gardens spend thousands for the gratification of the eye, they altogether neglect the nose. Why should we not grow flowers for their odors as well as for their colors?" And we may add, the ladies may utilize some of our own waste garden perfumes very easily and with pecuniary advantage to themselves. Heliotrope, the lily of the valley, honeysuckle, myrtle, clove—pink and wallflower perfumes, such as we get in the shops, are made up odors, cunningly contrived from other flowers.

Yet they may be made pure with a little trouble. "I want heliotrope pomade," says M. Piesse, in despair. "I would buy any amount that I could get." And the way to get it is very simple. If there is a glue pot in the house and it happens to be clean, fill it with clarified fat, set it near the hothouse fire, or any other fire, just to make the fat liquid, and throw in as many heliotrope flowers as possible; let them remain for 24 hours, strain off the fat and add fresh ones; repeat this process for a week and the fat will have become a pomade a la heliotrope. The same process may be gone through with with all the other flowers mentioned. A lady may in this manner make her own perfume, and we may add, in the words of M. Piesse, "one that she cannot obtain for love or money at the perfumer's."—New York Herald.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WOMEN DIPLOMATS.

EXAMPLES OF TACTFUL FEMININE NEGOTIATIONS.

The League of Cambray Concluded by Maximilian's Daughter — The Famous "Ladies' Peace"—Countess von Konigsmark and Mme. Guelbriant.

In spite of the generally conceived idea anent the inability of womankind to keep a secret, it is not a little surprising that the ranks of diplomacy have not been more often recruited from among the members of the gentler sex.

Yet examples of lady diplomatists are so few that the number may almost be counted on the fingers. One of the earliest diplomatic missions conducted by a woman was that of Margaret, daughter of the Emperor Maximilian I, who, in the year 1508, when she was widow of Duke Philibert of Savoy, concluded the well known League of Cambray. These negotiations she appears to have carried on, not only in the name of her imperial father, but also in that of King Ferdinand of Spain, while Cardinal Amboise negotiated for the king of France and the pope. By her tact and cleverness Margaret succeeded in arranging this treaty, the result of which was to almost annihilate the republic of Venice. When Francis I of France was the prisoner of Charles V, after the battle of Pavia, his sister, Marguerite of France, widow of the Duc d'Alencon, was especially sent by the king's mother, who held the regency, on a diplomatic mission to the emperor in Madrid. The object of this mission was to obtain the release of Francis, nor is it improbable that the threat to resign the crown of France, which the French king made, was a diplomatic stroke suggested by the princess. This threat brought the emperor to reason, the treaty of Madrid was signed and Francis recovered his liberty.

The famous peace of Cambray, which was signed in 1529, is known by the name of the "ladies' peace," because two ladies were the negotiators. These were Margaret of Austria, Duchess Dowager of Savoy, aunt of Charles V, and Louise, the mother of Francis I. They agreed on an interview at Cambray, and being lodged in two adjoining houses, between which a communication was opened by means of a door, met together without ceremony or observation, and held daily conferences, to which no person whatever was admitted. "As both were perfectly skilled in business," says Robertson, "thoroughly acquainted with the secrets of their respective courts and possessed with perfect confidence in each other, they soon made great progress toward a final accommodation, and the embassadors of all the confederates waited in anxious suspense to know their fate, the determination of which was entirely in the hands of those illustrious negotiators." In the reign of Henry IV we are told France sent on embassadors to Constantinople. Wicquefort, in his well known work, "The Embassador and His Functions," mentions the diplomatic missions of Eleanor, queen of France, and Marie, queen of Hungary, who, in 1537, concluded at Bonnecy a three months' armistice in the names of Charles V and Francis I, while among other female plenipotentiaries we may mention the Duchess of Orleans, who negotiated the treaty between France and England which in Charles II's time detached the latter country from its alliance with Holland. But perhaps the best two examples which history furnishes of embassadresses are those of Aurora, countess of Konigsmark, whom Augustus the Strong sent to Charles XII of Sweden, and La Marechal de Guelbriant, embassadress of Louis XIV. Marie Aurora von Konigsmark was born in 1666 at the Agothenberg, near Strade. This lady, who was renowned for her beauty and wit, lived for several years on the most intimate terms with King Augustus, but eventually was nominated abbess of the imperial foundation of Gredlingburg. While an inmate of the abbey Augustus was hard pressed by the king of Sweden, and was not only unable to oppose him with an adequate force, but could not even pay the small body of troops which he possessed.

On hearing of the evil times which had fallen upon her whilom lover, the countess hastened to Dresden in order, if possible, to rouse the king to action. She found him given over to sloth and intemperance, and so utterly demoralized that he seemed unable to take any step for his own protection. The lady then resolved to go herself to Charles XII, and Augustus gave her a secret mission to the Swedish king. Charles, however, who was a woman hater and of unpolished manners, bluntly refused to receive her. However, they did meet twice, but on both occasions he grossly insulted her. The countess, bitterly disappointed at her failure, returned home, and from the seclusion of the abbey poured forth numerous bitter satires and lampoons upon King Charles, none of which, in all probability, did he ever set eyes on.

When King Ladislaus IV of Poland lost his first wife, Cecilia Renata of Austria, in March, 1644, he selected a new consort soon after in the daughter of the deceased Duke of Mantua, Marie de Gonzaga, Duchesse de Nevers. The marriage contract was signed by Louis XIV at Fontainebleau, Sept. 30, 1645, and Nov. 6, in the same year, the marriage ceremony took place at the Palais Royal, at which the king of Poland was represented by his envoy. On the bride's return to Poland Louis gave her as companion La Marechale de Guelbriant, whom he also expressly appointed as his embassadress to King Ladislaus. All writers are agreed in speaking of her skill and tact in diplomatic negotiation, and on this mission on which she was sent she had ample scope in which to display her abilities.

The Servant Girl Question.

A Michigan woman who discusses the well worn question why girls prefer shop and factory work to domestic service says that the chief objection to the latter is the loss of caste involved. One girl who had tried both means of livelihood is quoted as saying: "I am not one whit better now than I was when I worked as a servant, yet now, when I go out in society, I meet people of refinement and am treated the same as any one else. I board at a nice place and am often invited to spend the evening among people who would never have given me a second glance if I had remained a servant."

The Clothes Closet.

A convenient floor covering for clothes closets is the marbled, enameled cloth sold for various uses. It is readily put down and fitted. Many closets are seldom stepped into, and as there is at least but trifling wear, its durable qualities are not tested. Closet floors so covered may easily be wiped over with a damp cloth every morning, thus securing all loose dust.

Something Like It.

Her Fiance (who has not known her very long and is inclined to be jealous)—Clara, dear, did you ever have a—eh—a—an experience like this before?

Clara (innocently—she was sitting on his knee)—Well, George, I once sat on the top rail of a fence.—Pick Me Up.

Her Especial Failing.

"Don't you think, Grumpy, that Miss Harshly is a beautiful singer?"

"Very. But she can't sing."—Detroit Free Press.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

An Impromptu Cozy Corner.

It was an uninteresting, oblong room, with a door at one end, two windows on the opposite side and a dreary stretch of wall between. There was not a single inviting nook or artistically "possible" corner in it. Moreover, it was a room with a bleak northern exposure, which seldom had sunshine enough to atone for its bad form. But its owner did not despair.

At a trifling cost she had the carpenter place a shelf a foot wide six feet from the floor from the edge of the door around the corner and down six feet of the long, uninteresting wall. There the shelf stopped abruptly, but that there might seem to be method in its pause its owner placed a small bookcase there. A cot bed costing $4, with springs and mattress, was placed against the wall under the shelf.

Pompeiian red burlap was fastened to the wall beneath the shelf all the way around. The shelf was stained a clear oak color. The cot bed was converted into a divan by the aid of a Bagdad cover and a pile of cushions of rich, warm, bright hues. At the corner of the shelf, where it turned, a red lantern in a wrought iron casing swung by a chain a foot long and made a spot of brilliant color. The long expanse of wall and the dreary color scheme of the room were successfully and easily overcome.

In another room, where a cozy lounging place was desired, the long couch was supplemented by a short one placed at its head at right angles to it. Across the top made by the two a narrow board back was nailed, and to this was screwed a high piece of fretwork, stained forest green. At the top of this fretwork, on a slender brass rod, hung a silk curtain of dull turquoise blue. The couch was covered with green denim and piled high with cushions in blue and green. In the angle formed by the joining of the two couches a small wicker table stood. It was painted green. On its top stood a tete-a-tete tea set of turquoise blue, while its lower shelf was devoted to literature and a workbasket.—Philadelphia Times.

The Question of Doors.

Doors cannot be entirely dispensed with no matter how many portieres may be hung, and the number absolutely necessary makes the hall of an apartment look very much like a steamer with its rows of staterooms. For the ordinary door something may be done by hanging a curtain inside the door frame on the hall side. On a door usually kept closed, like a storeroom door, a long rug may be hung, against which may be fastened a brass plaque or other oriental property. The best thing for the doors with lights of glass in them is to cover the space filled with glass with a panel of some decorative material stretched very tightly, the edge covered with a narrow molding, painted or stained to match the door.

For a plain material denim is as good as anything. Japanese leather paper is most effective, and there are cretonnes almost as beautiful as a water color. On one of a number of doors near together one might cover the obnoxious ground glass with a panel of looking glass framed in a narrow molding. A Boston artist has a door entirely covered with a sheet of looking glass, over which is hung a bamboo portiere, giving the effect of a vista into another room. In treating the different doors one should aim at variety. It is a great help to divide the length of the hall by a curtain, a tall screen or an openwork partition.

The insides of the doors must be covered with something in harmony with the prevailing colors of the bedrooms to which they belong. For a blue room try a piece of dark blue crape figured with white, and use it for a background for a few unframed etchings; against a panel of green denim, fine water color reproductions of landscapes in low tones or studies of flowers in white or yellow. A sconce with a round mirror, with candles matching the ground in color, may be hung upon a door with good effect. Avoid lace or muslin arrangements as savoring of the vestibules.—New York Commercial.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	6¾	@	7
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔		@	6½
Shoulders ℔		@	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔	23	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	48½
Virginia Meal		@	48½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 00	@	4 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 75	@	4 00
Choice		@	5 00
Straight		@	5 25
First Patent	5 35	@	5 75
GLUE—℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	50
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	37½	@	40
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔—			
Northern	5¾	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	25
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 50	@	10 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	[illegible]
American	40	@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	[illegible]
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden		@	[illegible]
C, Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔	4	@	[illegible]
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔—Unwashed	8	@	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 27¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 27¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm; $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 21¼, 21c; rosin firm, $1.35, $1.40; tar steady, $1.05; crude turpentine steady, $1.20, 1.55, 1.65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	143
Rosin	528
Tar	175
Crude Turpentine	33

Receipts same day last year—112 casks spirits turpentine, 736 bbls rosin, 110 bbls tar, 68 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 7 13-16c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4	7-16	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5	13-16	" "
Low Middling	6	7-16	" "
Middling	6	13-16	" "
Good Middling	7¼		" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅝c.

Receipts—649 bales; same day last year, 1,279.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK. Sept. 8—Evening.—Money on call steady at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¼@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼@486½ for demand; 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485½ and 486½@487½. Commercial bills 483. Silver certificates 53@54. Government bonds were firm; new fours, registered, 126; new fours, coupon, 126; fours, registered, 111¼; fours, coupon, 113¼; twos, registered, 99, fives, registered 114; fives, coupon, 114. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine firm at 30½@31.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 8—Spirits turpentine firm at 28c; sales 125 casks; receipts 785 casks. Rosin—sales 3 500 barrels; receipts 2,837 barrels; A B C D E $1 20 F $1 25, G $1 25, H $1 40 I $1 45, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 85 W G $2 10, W W $2 30.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 8.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 27½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A B $1 10; C, D $1 15; E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 40, I, $1 45, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 95; W W $2 20.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 8.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 3 to 4 points on more favorable English news than looked for, but almost immediately gave way under rumors of good rains in Texas, increased estimates for port receipts and signs of weakness in the English market, indicated by subsequent advices. Liverpool was a fair buyer on the call, but turned seller on the decline. New Orleans sold lightly this morning, but purchased the late months in a small way in the afternoon. September was about the only option that showed pronounced weakness. The late months improved in the afternoon on light local covering, started by reduced estimates for to-morrow's port receipts and fears that Friday's government report will be more bullish than had at first been anticipated. The market closed steady with September six points lower, October 2 points lower and the balance of the list 1 point higher.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Evening.—Cotton easy; middling 7⅞c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; sales 79,100 bales; Jan'y 6 81, Feb'y 6 84, March 6 88, April 6 91, May 6 94, July —, August —, September 7 02, October 6 81, November 6 75, December 6 77.

Spot cotton closed easy; middling uplands 7⅞c; middling gulf 7⅞c; sales 658 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 7 878 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 911 bales; to France 676 bales; to the Continent 1 833 bales; forwarded 3,788 bales; sales —— bales; sales to spinners 656 bales; stock (actual) 43,258 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 16 099 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 911 bales; to France 676 bales; to the Continent 2,118 bales; stock 118,693 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 63,508 bales; exports to Great Britain 9,642 bales; to France 3,472 bales; to the Continent 2,997 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 83 520 bales; exports to Great Britain 11 628 bales; exports to France 7,146 bales; exports to the Continent 3,129 bales.

Sept. 8.—Galveston, quiet, steady at 7, net receipts 5,686 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts 314 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7⅛, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts 164 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 6 13 16, net receipts 649 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 7⅞, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 6 8 16, net receipts 2,366 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 6 15-16, net receipts 5 528 bales; Mobile, quiet at 6¾, net receipts 182 bales; Memphis, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts 148 bales; Augusta, steady at 6¾@6 11 16, net receipts 1,074 bales; Charleston, quiet at 6¾, net receipts 1,288 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8—Evening.—Flour firm and fairly active; Minnesota patents $5 40@5 90; winter patents $5 35@5 68. Wheat—spot active; No. 2 hard $1 04¼ delivered; options opened firm and advanced on higher cables; No 2 red May $1 00¼, closed 1 00⅜; September $1 02¾@1 03 1-16, closed 1 02⅝; December 99¾@$1 00⅜, closed 1 00⅜. Corn—No. 2, 36⅝c at elevator and 37¼c afloat; options opened firm on bad crop report, but weakened under general unloading and light export demand, closing ¼c net decline; September 35⅝@36 15-16c, closed 36⅜c; October closed 37⅛c; December 38⅝@39c, closed 38⅝c. Oats—spot firm; No. 2, 24½@24¾c; options dull but steady at ⅛c net advance; September closed 24c; December closed 25⅛c. Lard dull; Western steam $5 20, October closed $5 10; refined steady. Pork quiet. Butter steady; Western creamery 12@18c; factory 8@12c; Elgins 18c; imitation creamery 10@13; State dairy 10@16½; do. creamery 12@18. Cheese steady; State large, white —; fancy small white 9¼c; large, colored 9c; small colored 9¼c; part skims 6½@7; full skims 3½@4c. Rice firm. Molasses firm. Tallow steady and dull; city ($2 00 per package) 4c, nominal; country (packages free) 3¾@4c, as to quality. Cotton seed oil firm at 28@29c. Coffee—options closed firm at unchanged prices to 5 points net advance; spot Rio quiet; Cordova 10¼@16½; sales 500 bags Rio, 5 points better than No 7, at 6¾c; 600 Maracaibo. Sugar—raw firm; fair refining 3⅜c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅞c; sales of 5 000 bags centrifugal 89 test at 3⅞c from store; refined firm.

CHICAGO, September 8.—Wheat closed to-day at a decline of ¼c in December, the active future. The decline was due to short selling and was in the face of a very urgent export demand. Corn was weak at about ¼c decline, the predicted break in the long disastrous drought injecting some ginger into the bears. Oats declined ⅛c, pork 20c and ribs 5@7½c. Lard was only a shade lower.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Cash quotations: Flour—the market was quoted firm. Wheat—No. 2 spring 95⅜c; No. 3 spring 91c; No. 2 red 98⅜c. Corn—No. 2, 30⅜c. Oats—No. 2 19⅛c; No. 2 white f. o. b. 21¾c; No. 3 white f. o. b. 20½c. Mess pork per barrel, $8 60. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 75. Short rib sides, loose, $5 00. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 87½. Whiskey $1 23.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—September 97, 97, 96, 96⅜c; December (new) 96¼, 96⅜, 95¼, 95⅜; May 96⅜, 97¼, 95⅝, 96⅜c. Corn—September 31⅜, 31⅜, 31, 31; December 30¼, 32⅜, 32⅜, 33. May 36⅜, 36⅜, 36, 36⅛c. Oats—No. 2 September 19¼, 19⅜, 19⅜, 19⅛c; December 20⅜, 21, 20⅜, 20⅜c; May 23⅜, 23⅜, 23¼, 23⅜c. Mess pork—October $8 80, 8 80, 8 57½, 8 57½; December $8 85, 8 90, 8 62½, 8 62½. Lard—October $4 82½, 4 82½, 4 77½, 4 77½; December $4 92½, 4 92½, 4 85, 4 85. Short ribs—September $5 62½, 5 62½, 5 47½, 5 47½; October $5 65, 5 65, 5 47½, 5 47½.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 8.—Flour strong and higher; Western superfine $3 00@3 50; do extra $3 75@4 65; do family $4 85@5 20, winter wheat patents $5 30@5 60; do spring $5 65@5 90; spring wheat straight $5 50@5 75. Wheat firm; spot $1 00⅝@1 01; month $1 00⅝@1.01½; October $1.00⅝@1 00¾; December $1 01¾@1.01½; steamer No. 2 red 96¾@97c; Southern wheat by sample 96c@$1.02½; do on grade 98c@$1.02. Corn firm; spot and month 36¼@36⅜c; October 36⅜@36½c; November or December, new or old, 36¼@36⅝c; steamer mixed 34¼@34½c. Yellow corn 38c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 24@24½c; others unchanged.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Steamship Croatan, 826 tons, McKee, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 8, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Chas C Lister, 266 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Jennie Hall, 363 tons, Leighton, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Edgar C Ross, 380 tons, Quillen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Bayard Hopkins 312 tons Eskridge Geo Harriss, Son & Co. (Discharging at Caswell)

J C Cottingham, 236 tons, Thomas Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Nord America (Ital), 558 tons, Capero, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Naparima (Br), 1 048 tons, Alex Grimley, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Hawkhurst (Br), 1 538 tons, Watson, Alex Sprunt & Co.

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Weight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Special Bargains

— IN —

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

At the Unlucky Corner

"Beardsley's"

Shredded Codfish,

A most delightful breakfast dish. Ready for the table in 15 minutes. No soaking, no boiling, no odor.

The Genuine Cod.

Try it once and you'll have no other.

S. W. Sanders.

Telephone No. 109. au 29 tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

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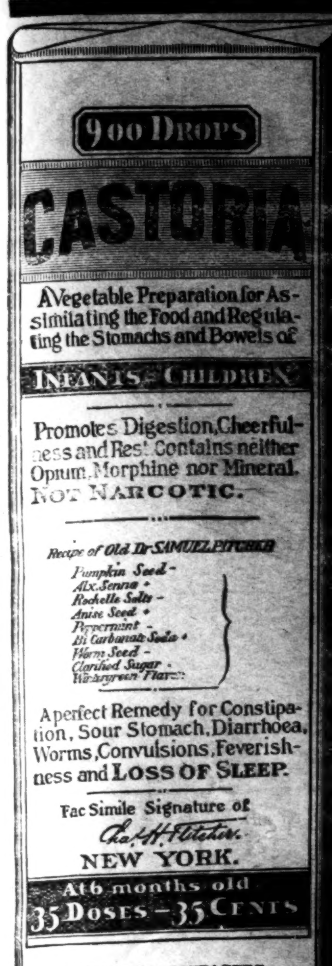

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WOMAN AND HOME.

PEACEFUL AND DIGNIFIED LIFE OF JAPANESE WOMEN.

The Selection of a Nursery Maid—The Advantages of Rest—An Impromptu Cosy Corner—The Question of Doors—Advice on Breathing Properly.

The feudal days of old Japan are now gone forever, leaving only a few remnants behind, and republican Japan makes but little distinction between lord and commoner. Many of the households of the noblemen have given up much of their useless display and luxury and have cut off their numerous retinue, keeping up only a few of the old time customs and ceremonies. In this they are guided by motives of economy and the changed ideas of the heads of the households, who in turn are led by the advice of their old retainers. These retainers still keep up in a way their loyalty and interest in their former feudal lords, and are often men of distinction and rank, for the great men of Japan in official and military life have come from the samurai, the class which is and was the moving power in Japan.

Perhaps the changes in the political world and the position of the aristocratic daimio have affected least the lives of the gentle wives and daughters, who live in the so called oku, or inner dwelling place, the part of the household reserved for the family of the lord, the wife and children, with their women attendants. Into this quiet abode progressive thoughts and western ideas have as yet entered but little, for the nobles, conservative themselves, are most conservative in all matters concerning the home life. The wives of the nobles lead, therefore, a most retired life, which, except that there are less ceremony and formality, does not differ greatly from the life of their mothers and grandmothers.

A NOBLEWOMAN'S TOILET.

Nothing can be more dainty than the person and surroundings of these fairylike, noble born daughters of Japan. The women of high rank are famous for their beauty and delicacy, and, though they lack physical strength and endurance, they are the personification of refinement. Generations of noble blood and high training have made them noble from their birth. Great strength of character or intellectual power can hardly be expected from them, for their surroundings are not such as to call it forth, but the women of the nobility in former times have displayed a high spirit and a bravery that never shrunk from danger or death when necessary. Fragile and weak as they look, they share the spirit of the Japanese race, and they have a strong sense of honor and duty, as far as they have been taught to know it.

All the clothing, furniture and utensils used by these dainty little women are exquisite in every way. Only the most delicate and beautiful silk and crape, in artistic combinations and colors, are used for their graceful costumes; the hairpins and fancy comb for the hair are made from the rarest tortoise shell; the utensils are of shining lacquer, often richly ornamented with gold work. All is of the prettiest and finest, from the great lacquer boxes which hold the beautiful silks and crapes, down to the silver ornamented or ivory carved chopsticks, which are used at mealtimes, or the little gold clasp attached to the band which holds the heavy girdle in place. Though not showy or gaudy, they are all of the very richest and cost an amount which would astonish a stranger unaccustomed to them. Thus in every way are the surroundings suited to these gentle wives and daughters, whose quiet lives know little of excitement or sorrow or anxiety and still less of privation or want.—Tokyo Cor. Chicago Record.

The Selection of a Nursery Maid.

It sometimes happens that a young mother is conscious, in the care of her children, of real inferiority to her nurse. But it is possible, and ought to be considered important, for every mother to learn at least as much as an ordinary uneducated nursery maid can know. If she cares for her child herself during the first six months of its life, she will already start the superior of the nurse in that she has attained some comprehension of the child's peculiarities and individual tendencies. During the period of seclusion preceding the birth of the child she will find preliminary reading an opportune and enjoyable occupation. Books and magazines on the care of children are multiplying in the land, and no expectant mother is now without means of obtaining the necessary information.

In securing a nursery maid it is usually better for a mother to engage a young girl of superior intelligence, who is willing to learn, rather than to attempt to obtain an experienced nurse who already fancies she knows everything, and consequently ignores any instruction not consistent with her ancient code of nursery routine. Moreover, "experience" too often means a knowledge of how to keep a child quiet with drugs, to frighten him into submission with fearful stories or dire threats, to spoil his temper with needless opposition, or to correct his faults by punishment. The new and infinitely valuable scientific methods for the care of children are incomprehensible to the old and "experienced" nurse. Incomprehensible they may also be to the young and inexperienced nursery maid, but her very ignorance makes her willing to carry out even that which she does not and cannot thoroughly comprehend, and which it is not important that she should understand from its scientific side if the mother will direct and supervise the daily routine until it has become force of habit with both nurse and child. There are absolutely no experienced nurses, measured by the new methods of caring for children. Acknowledged inexperience is therefore our safest refuge.

The most important qualifications in choosing an applicant for this systematic training as a nurse are good health, personal cleanliness, fondness for children, good temper, a cheerful disposition, a desire to follow instructions, and absolute truthfulness. Some of these qualities can be ascertained only upon trial, but as the combination of all the qualities necessary is not unreasonable or unusual we may at least hope to find them more often than we have been able to secure the more exceptional and really less desirable quality—long experience.—Harper's Bazar.

Baby Clothes.

The baby always wears white, be the sex male or female. Where colors are used many give blue to the boy and pink to the girl, though white is always more simple and babyish, and after many launderings still looks well. The little one just walking wears the skirt to almost touch the ground, and at 3½ years wears it to come a little below the bend of the knee, and in both instances it is usually finished with a three inch hem.

Serving Strawberries.

A pretty way to serve strawberries is in individual dishes, with the hulls on, and in the center of the dish a smaller dish of powdered sugar, into which the strawberries are dipped and eaten from the stem. Strawberries are very frequently eaten in this way in England, where the fruit is more solid and sweeter. If the berries are piled closely around the smaller dish of sugar, the contrast of red and white is very pretty.

Serviceable and Practical.

A serviceable and practical cover for a dining room table when not in use is made by purchasing an unbleached tablecloth of the required length, selecting a scroll or some large, effective pattern and outlining this in wash silks, the colors to harmonize with the furnishings of the room. This cloth, besides being easily laundered, makes an attractive cover.

The Advantages of Rest.

We find women nowadays flying hither and thither consulting skin experts and submitting to all sorts of face doctoring, massage, etc., to obtain a pretty complexion and stave off the ravages of time, and yet neglecting one of nature's best and simplest of cosmetics—rest.

In the life of the busy woman of today, with her many daily occupations—her work, her club, her visiting, her entertaining—rest does not find a place. Indeed, in the rush and whirl of life in the latter end of the nineteenth century rest seems an unknown quantity.

If fair woman only knew how potent and necessary a thing proper rest is, if she cared to preserve her beauty, she would forego some of the work and gayeties that so fill her life, and snatch a little more time for this much needed repose.

It is the lack of proper rest that helps to wither up the complexion, spoil its fresh tints and bring those premature wrinkles and furrows on the forehead and round the eyes.

Rest does not only mean the nightly sleep which all need, but a calm, restful state of body and mind during the waking hours of the day. Mental activity is desirable for all women. But that stress and rush which characterize so strongly the daily life of the modern woman are very often the root of a great deal of skin mischief.

Restlessness, the fever to be always doing something, never to be happy without some excitement, something "going on," is fatal to fair looks. The constant ferment of mind this struggle after excitement produces gives a worried expression to the face and leaves many a line upon the forehead.

If women would try to live quieter lives, try to emulate the habits of their grandmothers, and spend some portion of each day in the quiet, soothing occupation of needlework or some other restful task, they would keep young in heart and face much longer.

And by thus advocating rest it is not meant to disparage or underrate the immense advantages of outdoor and other exercise, which every woman needs. We thoroughly believe in the activity which tends toward healthful exercise, without which we cannot have sound or refreshing sleep.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Advice on Breathing Properly.

The great secret of both singing and speaking without fatigue is breathing properly. A woman writer has tried to bribe her sex into exerting themselves to attain good breathing by promising that there is nothing which so surely creates and preserves a round, slender waist. The great point is to develop an "active chest"—that is, the chest ought to be lifted two-thirds of the time that one is awake. Watch the greatest singers. Watch Jean de Reszke carefully, and you will note that he preserves the high chest from the beginning to the end of the opera. It is only when the last note is sung and he leaves the stage that his chest is allowed to drop. Proper breathing and the habit of keeping the chest up will maintain all the internal organs in their proper places and prevent the unsightly spreading at the waist, which is a sign of deficient vitality.

In teaching this most essential point of hygienic training the instructions are to walk across the room three times, first throwing up the window—hold up the chest, and at the same time breathe deeply from the abdomen. Possibly the exercise will cause exhaustion. If it does not, the three times can soon be increased to four, and perhaps within a week to five. The work of strengthening the muscles that hold up the chest has to be as gradual as would have to be the strengthening of the muscles of the arms. Always practice either out of doors or with your windows up. A good exercise is to take in a long breath through the nose and hold it, with the chest well up, as long as you can. Then expel it suddenly through the open mouth. This exercise used for a few minutes every day is most beneficial, and physicians recommend it for strengthening and expanding the lungs. Furthermore, it is an exercise which all bicyclists will do well to practice.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

An Equal Standard For Women.

Although Dr. Adler does not think that women are yet ready for suffrage, he apparently believes that they should seek it and prepare themselves for it:

"I am fully convinced that women should take a direct share in government, and that that is a political aim for which we must endeavor to prepare the way. Franchise for women is an object we should work for. It would be for the advantage of women and the state. A participation in public interests is an indispensable part of moral education, and to deny it to women in the long run would be an offense against her personality. There should be women in the legislature. I see no reason why women should not fill the highest offices in the city, state and nation, as they have often filled the throne."

The question how much political capacity qualifies a person to vote is an open one. If the same standard of fitness which now admits millions of men to the privilege were applied to women, they would have the ballot very soon. We are in favor of raising this standard rather than lowering it. But we would have it bear on both sexes alike.—Christian Register.

A trained nurse advises that the thirst of a sick child, which it may not be well to satisfy wholly, is most comfortably assuaged by giving the drink very often in tiny glasses. The child will drain the contents each time, as it would do if the glass were larger.

In Germany the bridal wreath is usually formed of myrtle branches; in Switzerland and Italy, of white roses; in Spain, of red roses and pinks; in the United States, France and England, of orange blossoms.

It is said that polishing silverware by rubbing it with oatmeal is a good plan. It is worth trying, for it cannot harm, and it may do good.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free, sealed, in plain envelope, on application.

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The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried POZZONI'S you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

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CHILD AND MOTHER.

Oh, mother, my love, if you'll give me your hand
And go where I ask you to wander,
I will lead you away to a beautiful land,
The dreamland that's waiting out yonder.
We'll walk in the sweet posy garden out there,
Where moonlight and starlight are streaming,
And the flowers and the birds are filling the air
With the fragrance and music of dreaming.

There'll be no little, tired out boy to undress,
No questions of cares to perplex you.
There'll be no little bruises or bumps to caress,
Nor patching of stockings to vex you.
For I'll rock you away on the silver dew stream
And sing you asleep when you're weary,
And no one shall know of our beautiful dream
But you and your own little dearie.

And when I am tired I'll nestle my head
In the bosom that soothed me so often,
And the wide awake stars shall sing in my stead
A song which my dreaming shall soften.
So, mother, my love, let me take your dear hand
And away through the starlight we'll wander,
Away through the mist to the beautiful land,
The dreamland that's waiting out yonder.
—Eugene Field.

OPIUM SMOKING.

The Paraphernalia Necessary to Enjoy the Noxious Drug.

The method of smoking opium is not known to the average citizen, and when he detects a peculiar smell about Chinese laundries he does not suspect that it comes from the opium pipe smoked probably in the next room. There are plenty of people who think that the long stemmed pipes smoked by the laundrymen in front of their shops are filled with opium, and that it is the sum and substance of the process. They know nothing of lamps, yen hoks, and like paraphernalia necessary to enjoy the noxious drug. The small pipes smoked by the Chinamen contain Chinese tobacco, stronger than the American product, but substantially the same.

The "layout" for the smoking of opium consists first of a large stem, made of bamboo. This stem is between 2½ and 3 inches in circumference. Almost midway of the stem sets a large clay bowl with only a small hole, such as would be made by a large darning needle, upon the top. Then there is a small lamp, which burns peanut or olive oil; then the yen hok, about the shape of a darning needle, to cook the opium with, and other like instruments for cleaning the pipe, and last the opium itself in a small jar or toi.

All these articles may be found on sale in at least one Chinese store in this city. They are received from a large importing house in Philadelphia, which supplies the whole south with these articles.

The opium looks very much like the crude licorice which is used for sweetening chewing tobacco. It comes to the merchants in large cans, weighing from one to ten pounds, and in the different qualities costs from $10 to $30 a pound. It is retailed over the counters out of a shaving mug, covered with paper, to keep it clean, and ladled out with a miniature butter paddle. When a Chinaman desires to purchase opium, he brings in a toi and designates in weight or money the amount he desires. The merchant then carefully weighs the toi in a pair of scales made from a small bamboo rod, balanced by a string tied in the middle. The toi is held upon a small piece of copper, tied upon one end. The exact weight of this is ascertained by moving a small copper weight along the beam. Then it is placed so much farther down, according to marks cut upon the bamboo, and the opium is gathered up in a lump upon the paddle and skillfully dropped into the toi. It is balanced to the fraction of a grain, and an expert in this line of business can judge almost exactly the weight desired each time.—Washington Post.

He Went to Church.

Mrs. Beasely will never again ask her brother to go to church with her. This brother is a bachelor who lives at a hotel, and he does not get to church more than once or twice in a lifetime.

Two weeks ago, however, his sister inveigled him to her home on the south side and then induced him to go to church in the evening. He consented with a show of willingness, but as a matter of fact he had intended to go to a theater down town. He went into the church with Mr. and Mrs. Beasely, and they took him to their pew, which was well up toward the front. There was an opening anthem and some prayer, and then the soloist stood up in the choir loft. She is a soprano who has been told that she "ought to go into opera." Mrs. Beasely's brother is fond of music, and the church soprano entranced him. He had not expected to hear such a voice in a church. His recollection of church music was that it consisted principally of congregational singing in very ragged time.

He leaned back and listened to the young soprano, and was so interested and delighted that he forgot where he was. He certainly must have forgotten, for when she got through singing he began to applaud—actually began to clap his hands through force of habit.

His sister caught him by the arms to restrain him, and he saw surprised faces glaring at him from the front. Then he realized in a flash what a horrible "break" he had made. He curled down into the seat and did not look up again during the services.—Chicago Tribune.

A Dish Washer.

A housekeeper who is noted among her friends for the scrupulous neatness of her establishment down to the smallest detail says that she has discovered that the best sort of dish washer is a whisk broom. This she esteems far above the ordinary soft dishcloths, or the twisted cord ones sold in the housefurnishing shops. Two such brooms, kept respectively one for plates and pottery, the other for metal dishes, always hang over the sink in her kitchen, and are in daily use. An especial recommendation is the ease with which they are kept clean, a moment's holding under the running faucet washing away every scrap which may cling to them, and an occasional dipping in hot water, to which little washing soda has been added, keeping them perfectly sweet.

She Was Limpid.

Mrs. Partington has left behind her many disciples. A Chicago theater manager the other day explained to a group of friends how he had scared his wife by impersonating a burglar. "She always has pretended to be game," he said, "but when she caught sight of me she just gave a scream and fell over, perfectly limpid."

That ought to be clear enough.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

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Excursion Tickets.

TO LITTLETON, N. C.

Panacea Springs. The analysis of the Panacea Water proves it to be a sure cure for dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, kidney and liver troubles, eczema and scrofula, and it is particularly efficacious in restoring weak men, delicate females and sickly children to health.

TO LINCOLNTON, N. C

Mineral Springs, Lithia Arsenic and Alum. The waters of the famous Lincoln Lithia Springs, are celebrated throughout the United States for their healing qualities in diseases of the kidney and bladder; also for gout, rheumatism, and the varied forms of dyspepsia.

TO SHELBY, N. C.

The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

For full information in regard to Rates, Schedules, etc., call on nearest S. A. L. Ticket Agent.

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Gen'l Passenger Agent,
jy 15 tf Portsmouth, Va.

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.
FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$281,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	23,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Re.empt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2 250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	50,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,998 00	Deposits	372,822 48
Over Drafts	82 14		
Due from Banks	34,429 14		
Cash and Reserve	128,597 15		
	$530,668 17		$530,668 17

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JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, President. F. R. HAWES, Cashier.
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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 12 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 28 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	8 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 20am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 30pm

†6 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave †5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 403.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	6 50pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 52pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 20 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 53 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*9 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Times)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

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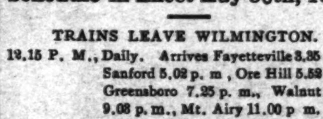

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.02 p. m., Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.08 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7 40 a. m., Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1 58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8 00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12 43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN NO. 8.

Leaves Wilmington 2 55 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 9 .15 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

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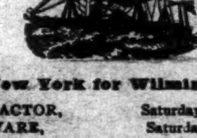
The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

BENEFACTOR,	Saturday,	Sept. 11
DELAWARE,	Saturday,	Sept. 18

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Sept. 11
BENEFACTOR,	Saturday,	Sept. 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

BENEFACTOR,	Tuesday,	Sept. 14
DELAWARE,	Tuesday,	Sept. 21

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THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 15, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.11 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.48 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.56 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 60—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3 25 p m, Savannah 12.59 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m., Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. au 1 tf

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.

In Effect Sunday, August 1, 1897

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

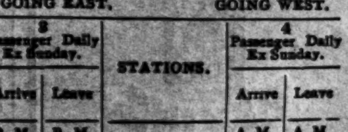
NORTH BOUND *6 A M	NORTH BOUND †8 P M	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7 P M	SOUTH BOUND ‡5 P M
		—WILMINGTON—		
	2 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv....Surry street.....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar..Jacksonville.......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar..Newbern...........Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
au 1 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro........	11 25	....
....	4 20	Kinston........	10 22	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern........	9 17	9 36
6 27	6 42	Morehead City...	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
my 27 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 9, 1897

CONSUL GENERAL LEE

Arrived at New York From Havana—Would Not Talk of Cuban Affairs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 8.—Consul General Fitzhugh Lee, accompanied by his son, Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., arrived from Havana on board the Seguaanca to-day. The General said that he had been suffering from biliousness for some time past, but he felt very much better after the sea trip.

When asked as to whether he would return to Cuba or not, the General shook his head and said: "I cannot answer that; I would rather not talk on Cuban affairs until I make my report in Washington."

In speaking of the case of Evangelina Cossio Cisneros, the General said: "The young woman is not confined in Casa Rechidas. She has never been tried and I do not think that it was ever intended that she should be banished. The stories of her ill treatment are exaggerated and were it not for the hubbub which has been raised about her, the girl would probably have been released long ago. In fact, I was given to understand that her name was on the pardon list. She has comfortable quarters and is treated as well as possible under the conditions. There is a good deal of suffering in Cuba, but the Americans, numbering about 1,400, are being cared for from the fund of $50,000 which was appropriated for that purpose. They receive relief daily, and up to the present time about $15 000 has been expended."

"Is there any sign of business improving or a change for the better in Cuba?" asked the reporter. "No, I am sorry to say there is not," replied the General, "and there will not be any improvement until the war is ended."

"When will that be, General?" To this last question General Lee replied in Spanish, a free translation of which is, "That is too much for me; I cannot say."

General Lee and young Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., went to West Point to-day to see his other son, George M., who is at the military academy there, and to-morrow they will leave for Washington.

GEN. LONGSTREET MARRIED.

The Bride Miss Ellen Dortch, Assistant Librarian of the State of Georgia—Ceremony at the Executive Mansion in Atlanta.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, September 8.—Gen. James L. Longstreet, Major General in the Confederate army, former United States Minister to Turkey and prospective Commissioner of Railroads to succeed Gen. Wade Hampton, was married at the Executive Mansion, on Peachtree street, at 3 30 o'clock this afternoon, to Miss Ellen Dortch, Assistant Librarian of the State of Georgia.

Governor and Mrs. Atkinson had issued a limited number of invitations to State officials and intimate friends of the bride and groom. These formed a distinguished party, which filled the "Blue Room" of the Executive Mansion, where the ceremony was performed. The Rev. Schadewell, of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, officiated. Judge J. B. Gaston, Mayor of Gainesville, Gen. Longstreet's home, was best man, and the bride entered on the arm of Gov. Atkinson, who gave her away, in the absence of her brother, who is in Texas.

Gen. and Mrs. Longstreet will spend two weeks at Porter's Springs, Ga., after which they will return to Atlanta, where Mrs. Longstreet will resume her duties at the State Library. It is understood that she will not retire from the race for the librarianship which she entered several months ago.

A striking coincidence was supplied in the fact that to-day is the anniversary of the battle of Molina Del Rey, in the Mexican war, where Gen. Longstreet won his title as major.

MONETARY COMMISSION.

Nine of the Eleven Members Selected Have Accepted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., September 8.—H. H. Hanna, chairman of the executive committee of the monetary convention that met in this city last January, announced this afternoon that nine of the eleven members of the monetary commission that were to be chosen have accepted and authorized the publication of their names. The following are the names of those who have accepted: Geo. F. Edmunds, Vermont; Chas S Fairchild, New York; Stuyvesant Fish, New York; Stewart Patterson, Pennsylvania; T. G. Bush and J. W. Fries North Carolina; W. B. Dean, Minnesota; Geo. E Leighton, Missouri, and Root. S. Taylor, Indiana.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 8.—4 P. M.—Cotton—Increased demand and prices higher; American middling fair 4⅞d; good middling 4 9 32d; American middling 4⅛d: low middling 4d; good ordinary 3⅞d; ordinary 3 11-16d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 10,700 American. Receipts none. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed quiet. American middling (l m c): September 3 63-64d seller; September and October 3 55-64@3 56-64d seller; October and November 3 48 64@3 49 64d seller; November and December 3 44-64@3 45 64d buyer; December and January 3 43-64@3 44-64d seller; January and February 3 43-64@3 44-64d seller; February and March 3 44 64d seller; March and April 3 44-64@3 45 64d buyer; April and May 3 45 64@3 46 64d seller; May and June 3 46 64@3 47 64d seller; June and July 3 47-64@3 48 64d seller.

In accordance with the recommendations of the State Board of Health, Gov. Johnston, of Alabama, has issued a quarantine proclamation against all places infected with yellow fever.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LUETGERT MURDER TRIAL.

MORE EVIDENCE AGAINST THE CHICAGO SAUSAGE MAKER.

An Ugly Pocket Knife Shown, Claimed to Be the Weapon With Which Luetgert Killed His Wife.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 8.—The defence in the trial of Adolph L Luetgert for wife murder were surprised by a move of the State in the trial to-day. What is considered to be one of the strongest pieces of evidence was introduced.

Mrs. Christine Feldt, Luetgert's one time sweetheart, was called to the stand by the State for the third time. Assistant State's Attorney McEwen handed her an ugly appearing pocket knife, the blades of which were stained and rusted, and asked her if she had ever seen it before. She testified that the big sausage manufacturer had given her this knife for safe keeping on the day of his arrest. The prosecution asserts that it was with this knife Luetgert murdered his wife before placing her body in the boiling potash, where it was dissolved.

The ugly looking object was passed around for the inspection of the attorneys and was handed to Luetgert, who opened and closed the blades, gazing curiously at the weapon and scraping the blade with his finger as if to feel the stains which covered the blade. He evidenced no emotion, though he knew that every person in the court room was closely watching and taking note of his every action. In talking with his attorneys he admitted the knife was his property.

J. H. Odenbrett and W. G. Cady, corset makers, were placed on the stand in succession and positively identified the two alleged corset steels as having been the product of their factory. Certain marks on the two bits of metal were shown to correspond with similar marks with new steels which were produced in court. The witnesses each testified positively as to the similarity and also to the fact that the new steels were of the pattern usually sold by their factory. It was considered by the State to be a great blow to the defence and was unexpected by the latter, who hoped to prove that the two pieces of steel were scale bands.

Emma Schimpke, sister of Guttliebe Schimpke, who testified to having seen Luetgert and his wife enter the factory on the fated evening, was placed on the stand to corroborate the testimony of her younger sister. She was a very faltering witness and suffered under the scathing cross-examination to which she was subjected.

She was apparently imbued with the idea that she must testify only to those matters which hurt the cause of the defence. Judge Tuthill administered a kindly but firm lecture to the trembling girl. From her the defence secured the admission that she was not sure she saw Luetgert and his wife enter the factory, and the defence also forced her to admit that she could not remember anything that happened on any other particular night than May 1st. When asked the day of the week upon which May 1st fell, she hesitated and then said, "Saturday, wasn't it?" The defence felt that their cause had gained perceptibly from her testimony.

The court opened with the usual crowd clamoring for admission at the door. Within the court room the members of the fair sex predominated among the spectators and the little room was crowded to its utmost capacity.

When Luetgert entered shortly before court was opened he repeated his manner of Tuesday, and smilingly nodded at the jury. He attempted to catch the eye of Judge Tuthill, but that official refused to notice the prisoner.

MORE PIGEON MESSAGES.

Evolutions of the White Squadron Off the Virginia Coast.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—Admiral Matthews, acting Secretary of the Navy, received two messages from the North Atlantic squadron this morning. They were sent from the fleet to the Commandant of the Norfolk navy yard by carrier pigeons and then telegraphed to Washington. The first message was as follows:

"Ship New York, 3 p. m., September 7, fifty miles from Norfolk.—Assistant Secretary is on board the Iowa engaged in witnessing great gun exercise with service charges. The Brooklyn and the Massachusetts will follow. Sub-calibre exercises suspended. Search and other night signal exercises to-night."

The second message was as follows:

"Ship New York 9 a. m., September 8, Southern drill grounds, fifty miles from Norfolk—Commandant Norfolk Navy Yard—The squadron getting under way for evolutions before Assistant Secretary who remains on Dolphin. Very successful target practice by Iowa and Brooklyn yesterday. Search light last night and attack on drifting target by six and one pounders with aid of four search lights. Weather hazy, light airs from east; sea smooth."

Excellent time was made with this last message, it having been received at the Navy Department in one hour and fifty-four minutes from the time the pigeon was released at sea.

SUICIDE AT SUFFOLK.

The Community Terribly Shocked by the Death of Miss Lula H. Cutchin.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 8.—A special from Suffolk, Va., says:

Our community was terribly shocked this morning by the news that Miss Lula H. Cutchin was dead and that death was the result of her own act. It is supposed that she took laudanum, but at what time she drank the fatal dose is unknown. She was unusually cheerful last night, and up to the time of retiring there was nothing to cause any suspicion of the awful act which was so soon to follow. Just before 1 o'clock this morning a sister, who occupied the room with the unfortunate young lady, was awakened by her heavy breathing and aroused the family. Dr. Jno. E. Phillips was immediately summoned and everything possible was done to resuscitate Miss Cutchin, but she was beyond the power of human aid and passed away at 5 o'clock without having regained consciousness.

The deceased had recently undergone a terrible affliction, brooding over which had caused her such untold agony that the poor girl sought relief in death by her own hand.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Cottons and Woolens Continue Firm—Fancy Calicoes in Fair Demand—All at Strong Prices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 8.—The dry goods market is firm to-day, in both cottons and woolens. The trading is lighter this week and there is an absence of orders. The re-order business is beginning to take the place of direct orders Jobbers continue to find store trading heavy, the buyers being present in large numbers, due to Merchants Association excursion. In staple cottons the tone continues firm. Prints continue fairly busy, with staples exceedingly firm and fancy calicoes in extremely fair demand, all at strong prices. Ginghams are well maintained at the advances recently quoted with a moderate demand reported from day to day. Woolen goods are still quiet, but well sustained.

HONOLULU ADVICES.

A DETERMINED FIGHT TO BE MADE AGAINST ANNEXATION.

Mass Meeting of Hawaiians to Influence United States Senators Morgan and Quay—A Monster Petition to be Sent to the United States Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HONOLULU, VIA VICTORIA, B. C., September 8.—The annexationists are very much worried over the difficulty of an alleged attempt on the part of the anti-annexationists to influence Senators Morgan and Quay, who are expected to arrive here soon on a tour of investigation.

They say that Senator White, of California, and Thurston, of Nebraska, who will lead the fight against annexation in Congress this Winter, will also visit Hawaii and attend the mass meeting of natives which, it is alleged by the annexationists, has been called for the purpose of convincing the Senators that the natives bitterly oppose annexation. It is stated that Senators White and Thurston will superintend the drafting of a monster petition to Congress, in which the Hawaiians will assert that the Government was torn from them through the action of American Minister Stevenson. It is also alleged that the mass meeting will be conducted entirely by Hawaiians and will be made as dramatic as possible. The idea is to work upon the sympathies of Senator Morgan and to persuade him, if possible, that the natives have been deprived of lands and power by a handful of rich and powerful whites, backed by a treacherous American minister.

It is believed that the ex-Queen may arrive on the same steamer as the Senators, and that she will address the people at the mass meetings. The second card of the anti-annexationists will be played on the arrival here, late in September, of Senators Pettigrew, of South Dakota, Lee Mantle of Montana, and Frank Cannon, of Utah. They are now in Japan and China, studying the silver question. Before they sailed by one of the Empress liners from Victoria, B. C., they secured return passage by the Pacific Mail steamer Doric, due here from Yokohama on September 24th, and announced their intention of remaining over a week in this city to study the annexation question.

The ambition of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company people is to extend their lines on all waters, and they will sooner or later make a bid for Honolulu business. Already the company has issued a large number of charts and maps, which have been distributed freely about the city, containing the proposed routes from Yokohama to San Francisco, via Honolulu. Australia to San Francisco, and from Yokohama to Victoria, B. C.

Some of the company's steamers now travelling the Atlantic have been found too slow for the service on that ocean. The North German Lloyd Company people are equipping the Atlantic service with fast boats. The slower boats, capable of doing from fifteen to seventeen knots an hour, it is said, will be brought to the Pacific ocean to establish the Australia-Victoria-Honolulu and San Francisco routes.

The Supreme Court has decided that the income tax law passed by the last session of the Hawaiian Legislature is constitutional.

President Dole has issued a proclamation calling the Senate to meet in special session on September 8th, instead of 14th, as previously announced in an Associated Press dispatch. After the annexation treaty is ratified, the Senate will adjourn until the regular session.

RAILROAD COLLISION.

Twelve Men Killed and as Many More Badly Injured—Hon. Wm. J. Bryan One of the Passengers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EMPORIA, KANSAS, September 8—Twelve men were killed and as many more badly hurt in a collision on the Santa Fe road near here this evening. The Santa Fe fast mail train coming east, and the Mexico and California train going west, collided, head-on.

Hon. W. J. Bryan was on the west-bound train, but is not hurt.

KANSAS CITY, MO., September 8.—A special to the *Times* from Emporia, Kansas, says: One of the worst wrecks in the history of the Santa Fe Railroad occurred three miles east of here at about 7 30 o'clock to night. Twelve or fifteen persons were killed and as many more badly hurt. The fast mail train going east, and the Mexico and California express bound west, collided head-on. The Mexico and California express was pulled by two locomotives, and when they struck the engine drawing the fast mail, the boilers of all three engines exploded and tore a hole in the ground so deep that the smoking car of the west-bound train ran on top of the three engines and two mail cars, and balanced there without turning over. The passengers in the smoking car escaped through the windows. The front end of this car was enveloped in a volume of stifling smoke and steam, belching up from the wreck below and the rear door was jammed tight in the wreck of the car behind. The wreck caught fire from the engines, and the cars in the hole and the smoking car burned to ashes in a short time. In climbing out of the smoking car several men fell through the rifts into the wreck and it is impossible to tell whether they escaped or not.

The West bound train carried seven or eight coaches, and its passengers included many excursionists who had been to hear Hon. W. J. Bryan speak at the county fair at Burlingame. Mr. Bryan himself was on the train, but was riding in the rear Pullman, some 400 feet from the cars which were wrecked. He says that nothing but a heavy jolt was experienced by the passengers in his coach.

Mr. Bryan was one of the noblest men in the crowd of rescuers. He helped to carry out the dead and wounded and gave the greatest attention to their care. One poor fellow, who was badly maimed, called to Mr. Bryan and said: "I went to hear you to-day. I am now dying and want to shake your hand and say God bless you. If you can, Mr. Bryan, get me a drink of water." Mr. Bryan went into the fast mail car, one end of which was burning, and came out with the water which he gave to the suffering passenger. He brought out cushions for others of the injured and was everywhere present to minister to the wants of the suffering.

It is feared that nearly all of the seven mail clerks perished in the disaster, but so far only eight bodies have been taken from the wreck.

Six young men were drowned from a yacht near Wind Mill Point, in Lake St. Clair, Mich., late yesterday afternoon.

PROTECT YOURSELF against sickness and suffering by keeping your blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Weak, thin, impure blood is sure to result in disease.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c.

YELLOW FEVER SCARE.

NO ADDITIONAL CASES REPORTED IN NEW ORLEANS.

The Local Situation Vastly Improved—Dr. Guiteras at Ocean Springs—Patients at Biloxi Likely to Recover.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, September 8.—When the Board of Health met to-night, Dr. Oliphant had no additional cases to report to that body as having occurred in New Orleans and was able to say that the local situation had vastly improved and that there were no present prospects of evil resulting from the death of the Gelpi children. The public pulse here is vastly stronger and New Orleans is almost ready to declare that it has had a scare for nothing.

Deep interest has naturally been felt here in the outcome of the examination of Dr. Guiteras, who arrived at Ocean Springs this morning. Under instructions from the superintendent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, Dr. Guiteras was put off in the woods a couple of miles from Ocean Springs. It was not long thereafter before the doctor ran up against the quarantine trocha, and the distinguished visitor had to fully establish his identity before he was permitted to run the line. On his arrival in Ocean Springs Dr. Guiteras went immediately to work and in person investigated a number of cases of the prevailing sickness He found only two cases it is said, that deserve the term doubtful or suspicious, and in an answer to an inquiry he said he hoped to be able to wire the result of his examination to Washington this evening. In the meantime a correspondent will recommend to the city that he learned from a source that could not be doubted that Dr. Guiteras, after his examination, had not been entirely convinced that any yellow fever has existed or does exist in Ocean Springs. The local physicians are not prepared to say what effect an opinion by Dr. Guiteras, counter to that expressed by the four experts who declared the cases they investigated as yellow fever, would have.

A thorough canvass of the wards of Ocean Springs, completed late this evening, shows there have been seven hundred and forty eight cases of the prevailing fever since July 8th. There are now thirty-seven still sick. The total deaths have been nine, and in several instances physicians' certificates show the fever was complicated with other diseases. There are believed to have been only two deaths due to yellow jack. At the suggestion of Dr. Gant every house where there has been sickness or there is now is being thoroughly fumigated.

There are sixty-five residents of New Orleans who are tied up at Ocean Springs anxious to get away, and some fifteen from other points.

There is a law in Mississippi against the violation of quarantine laws. Usually in a yellow fever epidemic, however, an unwritten law, enforced by the shot gun, obtains, and that is the law which is now in effect at Ocean Springs and Biloxi.

Biloxi people are not absolutely convinced that the fever there is Yellow Jack. Dr. Harralson has so pronounced the cases, but when he has completed his investigation at Ocean Springs, Dr. Guiteras will be asked to visit Biloxi and determine positively whether or not Dr. Harralson has correctly diagnosed the disease. Whatever the fever is, it has had a good effect, for on all hands residents are carrying into effect Mayor Howard's recommendation to put their homes in proper sanitary condition and to abstain from congregating anywhere in crowds.

This morning the three patients at Biloxi are doing well, and it was thought they would recover. Their homes have been completely isolated and thoroughly disinfected.

THE STRIKING MINERS.

Prospects for Acceptance of the Proposed Settlement of the Strike Somewhat Doubtful.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., September 8.—The inter-State miners' convention this evening adjourned until to-morrow without a vote on the question of accepting or rejecting the proposed settlement of the strike.

The prospects for acceptance are somewhat doubtful; in fact, a canvass of the situation shows a majority of the votes, unless some should be brought about, will be cast against it.

The greater part of the afternoon session of the convention was secret, the delegates listening to speeches from National President Ratchford and State Presidents Frams, of Ohio; Knight, of Indiana; Carson, of Illinois, and Dolan, of Pittsburg. All of these officials, with the exception of Mr. Carson, argued in favor of the acceptance of the Pittsburg operators' proposition. They told the delegates very plainly that if the proposition was rejected the strike would fail utterly; that the contest would not be continued as all resources had been exhausted. They advised that inasmuch as the strike had been precipitated in the Pittsburg district it was very proper that it should be settled there.

The leaders of the miners are doing some quiet missionary work to-night and have hopes that they will be able to turn the tide in favor of a settlement, To morrow the members of the National Executive Board will be heard by the convention and as they all strongly endorse the settlement, their views may have considerable weight with the delegates.

ASSAULT AND OUTRAGE.

A Young Lady of Macon, Georgia, the Victim.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MACON, September 8—Miss Sallie Chapman, aged 20 years, living with her brother-in-law, J. C. McInvale, in this city, was assaulted and outraged in her bedroom soon after daylight this morning. A nine-year-old girl was in the room with her but was so frightened she could not give an alarm. Miss Chapman does not know whether the man was black or white. She was frightened and so hurt that she became insensible and has not yet recovered her wits. The whole town is wrought up to a high pitch of excitement. This is the second assault of a like nature in the last two weeks in this city.

H. S. PERRY HANGED

At Decatur, Ga., for the Murder of Billy Lanier.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., September 8.—H. S. Perry was hanged for the murder of Billy Lanier, at Decatur, to day. The execution took place on a gallows in the yard of the DeKalb county jail. The doomed man was pale but cool and collected to the last. On the scaffold he declared his innocence of the crime of murder and reiterated his statement that he killed Lanier to protect the sanctity of his home. The drop fell at 11.43 a. m.

The police stopped the Ryan-McCoy fight in the fifth round at Syracuse, N. Y., last night. The fight was declared a draw but Ryan seemed to have the best of it.

WARM WIRELETS

Col. Isaac W. Avery, at one time editor of the Atlanta *Constitution*, fell from the porch of his residence Tuesday night and died yesterday from the effects of the fall.

President Andrews of Brown University, has sent to the corporation a letter formally declining to withdraw his resignation and stating briefly his decision to withdraw from the university.

The Treasury Department has received from Pensacola a telegram expressing belief that the pilot steamer Somers N. Smith, of Mobile, is lying around the Florida coast engaged in a filibustering expedition.

In a 500-yard swimming race for the championship of the world at Doncaster, Eng., Nuttal, the champion of England, defeated Cavell, the Australian champion, in the record breaking time of six minutes 8¼ seconds.

At the residence of Joseph Creery in Fairmont, a suburb of Richmond, Va., two children of the family, a boy and girl, were playing in an outhouse where a lot of hay and shucks were stored In some way the fodder was set on fire and the children were burned to a crisp.

An engine on the Metropolitan branch of the Baltimore and Ohio rail road struck a carriage at First and M streets Washington D C., last night, badly injuring C. Auerbach, and wife, and N L Rosenburg and wife of Norfolk, Va.

It is officially denied in Madrid that the Premier has written to the leaders of the political parties saying that the government would prefer war with the United States to the intervention of that country in the affairs of Cuba.

The following official notice has been published by the Board of Health of Montgomery, Ala., "Rumors to the effect that yellow fever exists in Montgomery are absolutely false. There is not now, nor has there been this year a single case of the disease in this city.

THE FIRST BALLOON.

How the Wonderful Airship Came to Be Invented.

The word balloon means "a large ball." To Montgolfier of Annonay, France, the invention of the balloon is credited. It is said that he was led to turn his attention to balloon making from the following incident:

A French laundress, wishing to dry a petticoat quickly, placed it on a basket work frame over a stove. To prevent the heat from escaping by the opening at the top of the petticoat she drew the belt strings closely together and tied them. Gradually the garment dried and became lighter, and as the stove continued to give out heat and rarefy the air concentrated under the basket work frame, the petticoat began to move, and finally rose in the air.

This so astonished the laundress that she ran to her neighbors and asked them to come and witness the strange sight. Montgolfier was among those that came in. The petticoat suspended in midair suggested greater things to him, and he returned home with "something to think about."

He at once began studying works on different kinds of atmosphere, and the invention of the balloon was the result.

The first public ascent by the Montgolfier balloon was made June 5, 1783. It was a spherical bag, consisting of pieces of linen buttoned together, suspended from cross poles. A fire was kindled under it, and the flames were fed with bundles of chopped straw. The loose bag filled out, assumed a graceful form, and in a short time was completely distended. At a given signal the stays were slipped and the balloon instantly ascended. Its velocity accelerated until it reached some height, then became uniform and carried it to an elevation of more than a mile. For ten minutes it remained suspended, then fell gently in a vineyard nearly two miles distant from the place of its ascension.

The first adventurers to make an ascent in a balloon were M. Pilatre de Rozier and the Marquis L'Arlandes. In the basket of a balloon they, on Nov. 21, 1783, rose to a height of about 3,000 feet.—Philadelphia Times.

Workmen as Contractors.

A system of public work that has much to commend it is that of "co-operative contract," in vogue in New Zealand. Under that system a public work is divided into small sections by the engineer in charge, and an estimate is made of its cost. Each section is then let out to a group of workmen, who do the work under a foreman of their own choosing, but who receives no more than his fellows. They obtain the full profit which would otherwise go to professional contractors, and they share the payment equally.

Each worker is interested in seeing that his companions do their full amount of work, and the sooner the job is performed the greater the return for a day's work. If any tools are needed which the men do not own, the government supplies them at a moderate rental. The adoption of this system should provide a method whereby direct employment by the government would be consistent with a full return for the money expended, giving to the community an advantage in the economical execution of public enterprises equal to that enjoyed by private employers.—Review of Reviews.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Dr. Galloway will leave for Southport professionally Friday morning, and return Monday or Tuesday, the 13th or 14th. sep 9 1t*

Rooms wanted immediately or by October 1st Four unfurnished rooms in desirable locality. Address J., 8 North Fourth street. sep 9 1t*

Wanted, a Cook. Apply to Lock Box 84, Marion, S. C. sep 8 6t

Wanted—Consumers of Fruit, Confectionery and Country Produce to call at No. 115 North Second street and inspect my line before purchasing. A. S. Winstead. sep 6 tf

A full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

For Rent—Store No. 113½ South Front street, formerly occupied as Milliner's store. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. Wessell, No. 113 South Front street. sep 3 3t

Just Received—The fourth invoice of that Fine Coffee, the Coronation Blend, the same as was served at the Banquet of the Carolina Yacht Club. Goods always fresh and the best, at the Atlantic Tea Co., Front and Market streets. au 29 tf

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, room 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co, will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 10 000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address

L. A. LYON, Prop.

or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C.

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Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

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A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 12 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

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VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

59th Year, State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course: Grad: V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in *Post Grad.* courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at an average rate of $36 50 per month *exclusive of outfit.* New Cadets report September 1 GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

jy 12 19t tu th sa

Cape Fear Academy

BEGINS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

A home School prepairing for Business or College.

Young pupils carefully taught. Its students have taken high positions in College, Business and Competitive examinations. New buildings and thorough equipment. W. CATLETT, Principal,

sep 3 2w 120 North Fifth street.

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NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The 59th Year Opens Sept. 22, 1897.

Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

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PEACE Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo L. Morton Co.

jy 4 1m

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room. D. O'CONNOR,

au 1 tf Real Estate Agent.

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Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor, "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 2ND TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., and 2.30 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.

sep 2 tf

When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

E'PINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better

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Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

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THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

To our Friends and Patrons:

We deem it fitting at the opening of our New Store to express to friends and patrons our grateful acknowledgements of the courtesies and patronage conferred upon us before our fire.

As the most practical method of exhibiting our appreciation of confidence reposed in us we have endeavored to so shape our plans for the future as to insure our friends and patrons the best service in everything pertaining to their interests.

After an inspection of our goods and a comparison and consideration of our prices, we feel that you will not fail to be impressed with the advantages we are in a position to offer. We carry everything in the line of Dry Goods and Carpets. We appeal for your patronage. Our terms will be Cash. We will serve your interests faithfully and well.

Yours respectfully,

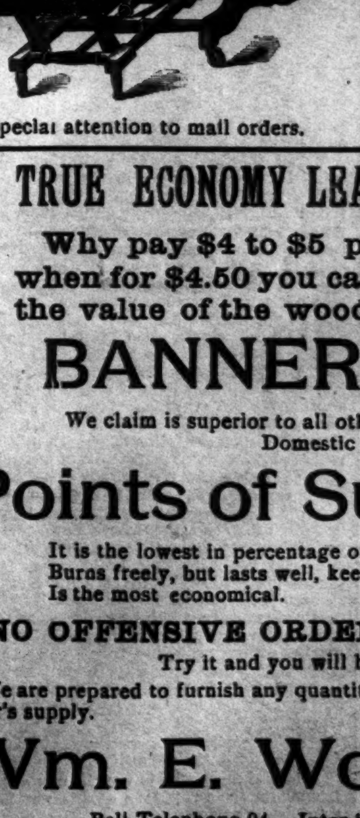
THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Samples sent on application.

P. S.—Mr. R. M. McIntire, who for years was the leading Carpet Merchant in our city, will have charge of this department in our house, where he will be pleased to serve his friends.

Our Carpets were bought before the tariff went into effect. sep 5 tf

THE COST IS NOT CONSIDERED.



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Why pay $4 to $5 per cord for wood when for $4.50 you can get nearly twice the value of the wood in coal?

BANNER COAL

We claim is superior to all other Bituminous Coals for Domestic uses.

Points of Superiority

It is the lowest in percentage of ash.
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Promptness and accuracy guaranteed. No interest paid on deposits